PANDUAN LENGKAP MACRO DAN VBA MICROSOFT EXCEL



PENGANTAR

Macro adalah sederetan fungsi dan perintah program yang disimpan dalam menu Visual Basic. Microsoft Excel menyediakan fitur untuk merekam aktivitas yang dilakukan oleh penggunanya melalui *tools -> macro -> record new macro*. Record new macro berguna untuk merekam aktivitas yang dilakukan dan merubahnya menjadi baris-baris program. Namun macro juga dapat digunakan oleh user untuk membuat perintah atau procedure melalu bahasa VBA atau Visual Basic for Application yang cukup populer, sederhana dan mudah untuk dipelajari. Semakin besar pemahaman anda tentang bahasa VBA maka semakin banyak dan canggih pula prosedur atau perintahperintah yang dapat anda buat untuk memudahkan perkerjaan anda dengan Microsoft Excel.

Example Code Macro Dasar Bagi Pemula Buku kami ini susun dari berbagai Sumber sebagai Panduan Singkat bagi pemula untuk dapat mengenal konsep dasar macro yang disertai contoh yang dapat diapresiasikan di buku kerja excel Sudah Tentu buku ini sangat jauh dari yang diharapkan.

Namun kami berharap semoga sedikit dapat membantu dalam Dalam Belajar Mendalami Microsoft khususnya Excel VBA dapat pula untuk Membuat Aplikasi Sederhana Sesuai keperluan di lingkungan kerja Anda, kritik dan saran membangun selalu kami harapkan. Semoga buku dapat bermanfaat.

Medan, 4 April 2020

Penulis

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BAB I

Tentang macro dan Kosa kata dasar dalam VBA

ActiveWorkbook Active Worksheet Worksheet Sheet("sheet1") : Nama Sheet1 Worksheet("sheet1") : Nama Sheet1

: File yang sedang Terbuka

- : Sheet yang Tampil
- : Sheet

Range

Range("A5") Selection Select

Sheet1.Select

- : Alamat Cell Range("A5") : sama dengan Cell A5 Range("A5:A20") : Cell A5 sampai A20
- Range("A5") : Baris no 1,Kolom no 5
 - : disingkat Cell(1,5)
 - : Cell Pilihan (blok atau kursor)
 - : Pilihan yang dituju
- Range("A5"). Select : Menuju ke Cell A5
 - : Menuju ke Sheet1

Sheet(1).Select	: Sheet berdasarkan urutan sheet
Sheet("data")	: Sheet berdasarkan Nama sheet
Value =	: Isi
Value = " "	: Isi Cell Kosong
Worksheet("sheet1")).Range("A5:A20").Value = ""
Sub Modul1 ()	: Memulai suatu Prosedur
End Sub	: Mengakhiri suatu Prosedur
Sheet1.Range("A1:C1	").Copy Destination:=Sheet2.Range("A1") : Sheet1copy dan paste di sheet 2
Protect	: Mengunci agar tidak dapat di edit
ActiveSheet.Protect	: Mengunci Sheet Active
ActiveSheet.unProtect	ct : membuka kunci Sheet Active
Sheet1.Visible = 1	: Sembuyikan Sheet1
Sheet1.Visible = 2	: Jangan Sembuyikan Sheet1
Sheet1.Visible = True	: Sembuyikan Sheet1
Sheet1.Visible = False	: Jangan Sembuyikan Sheet1
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Private Sub UserForm_Initialize()

: Perintah otomatis saat UserForm muncul

Show	: Tampil atau aktif
UserForm1. Show	: UserForm1. Tampil
Unload me	: UserForm ditutup

Hide : Disembunyikan : UserForm yand aktif disembunyikan Hide me

ColumnWidth = 12 : ukuran Tinggi Kolom RowHeight = 15 : ukuran Lebar Baris

```
ActiveCell.EntireColumn.ColumnWidth = 12
ActiveCell.EntireRow.RowHeight = 15
```

ListBox1.List(ListBox1.ListIndex, 1) : Menampilkan data baris sesuai no kolom pd listbox1

TextBox1.Value = ListBox1.List(ListBox1.ListIndex, 1)

TextBox2.Value = ListBox1.List(ListBox1.ListIndex, 2)

RowSource : Nama range yang ditampilkan pd listbox

RowSource = Worksheets(1).Range("A1:A10").Address

PrintOut	: Perintah Cetak
from:=1,	: Dari Halaman
To:=1,	: Sampai Halaman
Copies:=1	: Jumlah Lembar

ActiveSheet. PrintOut from:=1, To:=1, Copies:=1

PrintOut Preview : Menampilkan halaman Cetak

ActiveSheet.PrintOut Preview:=True, From:=1, To:=2, Copies:=2

Row.Hidden: Sembunyikan baris jika = trueRows("5").: Baris Ke -5

Rows("5").EntireRow.Hidden = True Rows("7").EntireRow.Hidden = False

EntireRow.Insert : Menambah baris EntireRow.Delet : Menghapus baris

ActiveCell.EntireRow.Insert ActiveCell.EntireRow.delet

Columns(8).Hidden: Sembunyikan kolom 8Columns(8).Hidden = True: Sembunyikan kolom jika = true

```
ActiveSheet.Columns(8).Hidden = True
ActiveSheet.Columns(9).Hidden = False
```

Insert Shift:=xlRight:Menambah KolomDelete Shift:=xlToLeft:Menghapus Kolom

ActiveSheet.Columns(6).Insert Shift:=xlRight Columns("F:F").Select Selection.Delete Shift:=xlToLeft

True : Kondisi benar False : Kondisi salah

```
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```

```
Application.Visible = True : Sembuyikan lembar Kerja = True
Application.Visible = False: Jangan sembunyikan lembar Kerja = False
```

Private Sub : Perintah otomatis saat Private Sub Workbook_Open()

: Perintah otomatis saat Workbook di buka

```
Private Sub Workbook_Open()
Application.Visible = False : Lembar Kerja kondisi Tampil
UserForm1.Show
                          : UserForm1 tampilkan
Application.Visible = True : Lembar Kerja tidak ditampilkan
End Sub
```

: Mengakhiri Prosedur

Private Sub Worksheet_SelectionChange

: Perintah otomatis pada sheet active

Private Sub Worksheet_SelectionChange(ByVal Target As Range) Sheets("Sheet1").Range("A1") = "Belajar VBA" **End Sub**

SelectionChange :

: Kondisi otomatis saat cell seleksi

Range("A1") = "Belajar VBA" Font.FontStyle = "Italic" Font.Size = 14 : Menulis Belajar VBA di cell A1 : Jenis Text : Ukuran Text

Sheets("sheet1").Range("A1").Font.**FontStyle** = "Italic" Sheets("sheet1").Range("A1:A5").Font.Size = 14

Font.FontStyle = "Italic": Jenis tulisan italicFont.Size = 14: ukuran tulisan 14

Borders.LineStyle : Border Cell

Range("a5:e5").Borders.LineStyle = xlContinuous

Borders.LineStyle = xlContinuous : border jenis diborder setiap satu cell

Font. ColorIndex = 3: Warna TextInterior.ColorIndex = 4: Warna Cell

Sheets("sheet1").Range("A2").Font. ColorIndex = 3 Sheets("sheet1").Range("A2").Interior.ColorIndex = 4

Tabel Kode Warna

1	11	21	31	41
2	12	22	32	42
3	13	23	33	43
4	14	24	34	44
5	15	25	35	45
6	16	26	36	46
7	17	27	37	47
8	18	28	38	48
9	19	29	39	49
10	20	30	40	50

Pengaturan Penulisan

Range("A1").NumberFormat = "General" NumberFormat : Format Angka Range("A1").NumberFormat = "0000000000" Range("A1").NumberFormat = "dd/mm/yyyy" Range("A1").NumberFormat = "[\$-421]dd mmm yyyy"

```
Currency Mata Uang
Range("A1").NumberFormat = "$#,##0.00"
```

```
Accounting
Range("A1").NumberFormat = "_($* #,##0.00_);_($* (#,##0.00);_($* ""-""??_);_(@_)"
```

```
Date atau Tanggal
Range("A1").NumberFormat = "yyyy-mm-dd;@"
```

```
Time atau menit
Range("A1").NumberFormat = "h:mm:ss AM/PM;@"
```

```
Percentase %
Range("A1").NumberFormat = "0.00%"
```

```
Fraction
Range("A1").NumberFormat = "# ?/?"
```

```
Scientific
Range("A1").NumberFormat = "0.00E+00"
Text atau Hurup
```

```
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```

Range("A1").NumberFormat = "@"

```
Special
Range("A1").NumberFormat = "00000"
```

```
Custom
Range("A1").NumberFormat ="$#,##0.00_);[Red]($#,##0.00)"
```

Contoh Penulisan

```
Sub pengatuaranCell ()
Sheets("Sheet1"). Range("A1").NumberFormat = "00000"
End Sub
```

Selection Select

Bergeser satu cell ke kanan ActiveCell.Offset(0, 1).Select

Menuju ke cell paling bawah yang terahir di Isi ActiveCell.End(xlDown).Select'

Pindah ke cell yang di bawahnya satu baris ActiveCell.Offset(1, 0).Select '

mengisi cell A1 dengan konten "Hello"
Worksheets("Sheet1").Range("A1").Value = "Hello"

Mengisi cell yang aktif sesuai dengan kata yang di ketik di textbox1ActiveCell.Value= TextBox1.Text '

Mengisi cell tertentu via input box shg user diminta isi user box dulu kemudian otomatis cell tertentu akan terisi sesuai isian input box Range ("a1").value = Inputbox ("pertanyaan")

Memanggil sheet sesuai dengan urutannya
 <b

Memanggil sheet sesuai dengan nama sheet nya sheet("databased").select

Menuju baris terakhir BarisTerakhir = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(Rows.Count, 1).End(xlUp).Value

cari baris kosong pertama di database iRow =ws.Cells(Rows.Count, 1) _ .End(xlUp).Offset(1, 0).Row

Menuju ke alamat cell spesial paling awal/atas dan ujung bawah/terakhir sheet Range(Selection, ActiveCell.SpecialCells(xlLastCell)).Select

Menuju ke alamat cell paling ujung bawah/terakhir sheetActiveCell.SpecialCells(xlLastCell).Select

Menuju ke alamat cell paling atas, bawah, kiri, kanan Selection.End(xlUp).Select 'atas Selection.End(xlDown).Select 'bawah Selection.End(xlToLeft).Select 'kiri Selection.End(xlToRight).Select 'kanan

Dari tempat cell berada sekarang diblok sampai ke alamat cell paling atas, bawah, kiri, kanan

Range(Selection,Selection.End(xlUp)).Select Range(Selection,Selection.End(xlDown)).Select

Range(Selection,Selection.End(xlToLeft)).Select Range(Selection,Selection.End(xlToRight)).Select

menuju ke cell turun 5 baris dan kekiri 3 kolom, dari tempat cell berada sekarang ActiveCell.Offset(5, -3).Select

menuju ke cell naik 3 baris dan kekanan 4 kolom, dari tempat cell berada sekarang ActiveCell.Offset(-3, 4).Select

memilih range / blok tertentu dan melanjutkan atau menambah range / blok dari blok yang sudah ada Range("Database").Select Selection.Resize(Selection.Rows.Count+ 5, _ Selection.Columns.Count).Select

memilih range / blok tertentu kemudian melompat ke cell tertentu dan melanjutkan atau menambah range / blok yang sudah ada Range("Database").Select Selection.Offset(4, 3).Resize(Selection.Rows.Count+ 2, _ Selection.Columns.Count+ 1).Select

Tentang macro

1.Penegertian VBA

VBA atau Visual Basic for Application adalah sebuah bahasa pemrograman yang dibuat oleh Microsoft dan dapat digunakan untuk meningkatkan kemampuan aplikasi Office, termasuk di dalamnya Excel.

Macro sendiri adalah kumpulancommand dan prosedur untuk melakukan tugas tertentu, disimpan dalam bentuk modul pada file Excel. Macro dapat dipanggil untuk menanggapi suatu kejadian (event) seperti suatu klik pada tombol.

2.MEMULAI MACRO

Untuk memulai membuat dan menggunakan VBA Macro Harus Terlebih dahulu mengaktifkan Macro di Komputer ini,

Toolbar Developer tab pada microsoft excel secara default tidak ditampilkan, jadi sebelumnya kita harus terlebih dahulu menampilkannya

Pengertian develover

Developer Tab adalah tampilan menu Ribbon di Microsoft Office yang berisi menumenu digunakan untuk melakukan aktivitas pembuatan program menggunakan Makro maupun VBA (Visual Basic for Application).

Langkah-langkah untuk Mengaktifkan Developer Tab 1. Jalankan aplikasi Microsoft Excel 2.Klik **Option** di sebelah kiri untuk memunculkan dialog **Excel Options** Mengaktifkan tab Developer pada toolbar Microsoft Excel yaitu : klik pada office button sebelah kanan lalu klik tombol Excel Option dan pilih popular dan centang Show Developer Tab in Ribbon kemudian klik tombol OK Selesai







3.Rekor Macro

Saat Tab Developer sudah aktif, maka Anda sudah bisa membuat Macro.
Cara termudah membuat Macro adalah dengan menggunakan fitur perekaman
Berikut langkah-langkah untuk membuat Macro menggunakan fitur perekaman:
1.Buatlah workbook baru Kemudian save as format xlsm atau binary





Record Macro ? ×	
Macro name:	Home Insert Page Layout Formulas Data Review View Develope
BelajarMacro Shortcut <u>k</u> ey: Ctrl+	Image: Stop Recording Image: Stop Recording Image: Stop Recording Image: Stop Recording
Store macro in:	Code Controls XML
This Workbook	D2 • (* <i>f</i> _x
Description:	A B C D E F G
	1 =NOW()
	2
OK Cancel	3 4

Proses Merekam Macro

Selama di dalam mode Record Macro, Anda bisa mengerjakan tugastugas tertentu yang nanti bisa diulang-ulang terus sesuai kebutuhan. Berikut contoh aktivitas yang bisa direkam menggunakan Macro:

1. Mulailah dengan mengetik teks di dalam sel A1. Menulis teks

2. Klik sel D1.3. Di dalam sel tersebut, ketik fungsi sederhana berikut ini: =TODAY().

Memasukkan tanggal dengan memanfaatkan formula

4. Klik lagi sel D1 tempat fungsi itu ditulis. Lantas, klik-kanan dan pilih ikon untuk mengubah warna teks menjadi merah5. Kembalilah lagi ke dalam Tab Developer dan kali ini, klik ikon Stop Recording.

Macro Hasil Perekaman

Macro yang telah selesai direkam itu kini bisa "diputar ulang". Untuk mengecek Macro yang tadi telah Anda buat,

Klik ALT + F11 Akan Tampil Jendela Visual Basic Properti Klik Modul " belajarMacro" akan tampil <mark>Kode VBA</mark> yang baru kita buat

4. Menempatkan Kode Perintah Macro

Kode VBA atau Macro adalah Kode Perintah dalam Bahasa Program basic atau bahasa yang dibuat untuk dipahami oleh Komputer Selanjutnya Kita akan Menempatkan Kode Perintah yang di dikenal dengan Kode Macro Sesuai Jenis Perintah yang akan kita buat !

Menempatkan Kode Macro

Kode Macro dapat disimpan pada Wookbook, Wooksheets, Userform atau pada Modul sesuai jenis perintah yang akan dijalankan

Penjelasan :

Perintah yang disimpan pada Wookbook akan berjalan
 Otomatis saat sebuah Wookbook aktif atau saat dibuka atau pula sebelum
 Wookbook ditutup

contoh perintah Workbook diawali dengan :

Private Sub Workbook_Open()perintah macro..... End Sub

2.Perintah yang disimpan pada Wooksheets akan berjalan Otomatis saat sheets yang <u>diberi Kode aktif</u>

contoh perintah Worksheets diawali dengan :

Private Sub Worksheet_Change(ByVal Target As Range)perintah macro...... End Sub

3.Perintah yang disimpan pada UserForm akan berjalan Saat UserForm di Tampilkan contoh perintah pada UserForm diawali dengan :

Private Sub UserForm_Initialize()perintah macro..... End Sub

Contohnya :

```
Private Sub UserForm_Initialize()
ComboBox1.List = Application.Transpose(Sheet1.Range("D5:P5").Value)
ComboBox2.AddItem "GANJIL"
ComboBox2.AddItem "GENAP"
ComboBox3.List = Sheet1.Range("B5:B20").Value
ComboBox4.List = Sheet1.Range("C5:C20").Value
End Sub
```

4.Perintah yang disimpan pada Modul akan berjalan Saat Modul tersebut dipanggil. contoh perintah pada UserForm diawali dengan :

Sub Copy_data ()

.....perintah macro...... <mark>End Sub</mark>

Membuat Tombol perintah pada Modul



5.Option explicit

Biasanya option explicit diletakan di bagian atas coding atau dibagian general. fungsi option explicit untuk memaksa programmer mendeklarasikan semua variabel sebelum variabel tersebut digunakan. dengan option explicit akan sangat membantu programmer dalam mengurangi kesalahan dan mengetahui letak kesalahan atau debug.

Option Explicit Sub test() Dim myVar As Integer myVar = 10 Range("A1").Value = mVar End Sub



Option Explicit Private Sub CommandButton1_Click() Dim score As Integer, result As String score = Range("A1").Value If scor >= 60 Then result = "pass"
```
Range("B1").Value = result
End Sub
```

Option Explicit Sub cek_error() Dim YourName As String, password As String YourName = "John" password = 12345 Cells(1, 2) = YourNam Cells(1, 3) = password End Sub



6. Statemen DIM

Ketika Anda mendeklarasikan suatu variable, gunakanlah statement Dim sesuai type datanya

type data text

Dim passpor As String Dim Nama As String

<mark>type data angka</mark> Dim firstnum As <mark>Integer</mark> Dim secondnum As <mark>Integer</mark> Dim total As Integer

<mark>type data tanggal</mark> Dim BirthDay As <mark>Date</mark> Dim Lahir As <mark>Date</mark>

<mark>type data Mata uang</mark> Dim Income As <mark>Currency</mark> Dim gaji As <mark>Currency</mark>

contoh

Sub data ()

Dim YourName As String Dim BirthDay As Date Dim Income As Currency YourName = "Alex" BirthDay = "1 April 1980" Income = 1000

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```
Range("A1") = YourName
Range("A2") = BirthDay
Range("A3") = Income
End Sub
```

Contoh:

Dim Luas As Integer Dim Panjang As Integer Dim Lebar As Integer

Dim diatas dapat disingkat dengan tanda koma, sehingga ditulis : *Dim Luas,Panjang,Lebar As Integer atau*

Dim L,P,Luas As Integer Dan tidak boleh ditulis ganda Misalnya :

Dim <mark>L</mark>,P,<mark>L</mark> As Integer Harus dibedakan antara Luas dengan Lebar

Tipe-tipe data variabel yang sering digunakan pada excel vba macro diantaranya yaitu sebagai berikut :

7.Integer

Integer digunakan untuk data berupa nomer atau angka bilangan bulat Contoh penulisan:

Option Explicit Sub Target_nilai() Dim nilai As Integer Dim keterangan As String nilai = Range("b1").Value If nilai >= 60 Then keterangan = "Nilai Bagus" Else keterangan = "Nilai Kurang" End If Range("B3").Value = keterangan End Sub

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8.Double

Doubel digunakan untuk data dengan tipe angka yang lebih komplek termasuk desimal atau koma Contoh penulisannya

Sub Hitung ()

Dim p, l, Keliling As Double p = Range("B2").Value l = Range("B3").Value Keliling = 2 * (p + l) Range("B4").Value = Keliling End Sub

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1				
2	Panjang	40		
3	Lebar	30		
4	Keliling	140		
5				
6				
7				
2				

9.String

String digunakan untuk data dengan tipe tulisan huruf

```
Option Explicit

Sub keterangan()

Dim nilai As Integer

Dim keterangan As String

nilai = Range("A1").Value

If nilai >= 60 Then

keterangan = "Nilai Bagus"

Else

keterangan = "Nilai Kurang"

End If

Range("B1").Value = keterangan

End Sub
```

Sub nama_lengkap()

Dim Namapertama, Namakedua, Namelengkap As String

Namapertama = Cells(1, 1).Value

Namakedua = Cells(1, 2).Value

Namalengkap = Namapertama + " " + Namakedua

Cells(1, 3) = namalengkap End Sub





10.Boolean

Boolean digunakan untuk data dengan nilai true atau false Contohnya :

Sub Sampel() Dim x As Boolean x = True MsgBox "Benar" End Sub

Private Sub Workbook_BeforeSave(ByVal SaveAsUI As Boolean, Cancel As Boolean) If Cancel = True Or bIsClosing = False Then Exit Sub Run "HideAll" End Sub

11.LOOPING

Fungsi looping adalah perintah perulangan bisa kita kerjakan hanya dengan sekali klik/printah. Berikut ini beberapa fungsi looping yang bisa digunakan:

Looping For

Fungsi ini merupakan perulangan <u>Dimulai dari</u> Contoh penulisannya :

Sub No_urut() No = 0 For Nomor = 1 To 10 No = No + 1 Cells(No + 3, 2).Value = No Next Nomor End Sub

	B4	•	C	J×
	А	В	С	C
1				
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4		1		
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6		3		
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(ket : pengulangan 1sampai 10 kali , For i = 1 To 10 dimulai dari baris pertama tambah 3 Cells(No + 3, 2). Angka 3 adalam kolom ke 3 yaitu kolom I

12.Do >>> Loop Until

Do >>> Loop Until, statement perulanggannya akan berhenti jika kondisi telah terpenuhi.

Contoh penulisannya :

Sub Angka()
Dim i As Integer
i = 1
Do
Range("B" & i).Value = i
i = i + 1
Loop Until i > 10
End Sub

	B1	•		f _x
	А	В	С	(
1		1		
2		2		
3		3		
4		4		
5		5		
6		6		
7		7		
8		8		
9		9		
10		10		
11				
12				
13				

(perulangan dengan penjumlahan i +1 dimana loop akan berhenti jika kurang dari 10, hasilnya sama bilangan urut seperti diatas).

13. IF Then Else

Rumus <mark>if then else</mark> yaitu berfungsi untuk menjalankan fungsi perintah dimana terdapat satu, dua atau lebih suatu kondisi tertentu dengan hasil yang berbeda-beda. Misalnya jika kondisi1 maka fungsi perintah yang dijalankan A, jika kondisi2 maka perintah yang dijalankan B dsb. Contoh penulisannya :

Option Explicit Sub keterangan() Dim nilai As Integer Dim keterangan As String nilai = Range("A1").Value If nilai >= 60 Then keterangan = "Nilai Bagus" Else keterangan = "Nilai Kurang" End If Range("B1").Value = keterangan End Sub

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4					
5					

14.Counter atau menghitung jumlah obyek

Menghitung jumlah sheet yang ada di workbook

Sub Count_sheet() 'Menghitung jumlah sheets myCount = Application.Sheets.Count MsgBox myCount End Sub

Menghitung jumlah baris selection

Sub Count_Rows() myCount = Selection.Rows.Count 'Menghitung jumlah cell yang diblok mouse MsgBox myCount End Sub

Menghitung jumlah baris selection

Sub Count_Coulumn() myCount = Selection.Columns.Count 'Menghitung jumlah kolom yang diblok mouse

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MsgBox myCount End Sub

Sub Count_nilai() 'menambah nilai di cell A1 Setiap kali macro running mycount = Range("a1") + 1 Range("a1") = mycount End Sub

15.IF Then Else Pada Optionbutton

'Membuat Hyperlink dengan pilihan multy Optionbutton Optionbutton yang dipilih bernilai True

Private Sub CommandButton1_Click()

If Optionbutton1 = true Then UserForm1.Hide Sheet1.Select

Elself Optionbutton2 = true Then UserForm1.Hide Sheet2.Select

16. Formula VBA

FORMULA ARRAY KODENYA

[Cell awal: Cell akhir]. Formula ="=formula"

Misalnya [i2:i8].Formula = "=SUM(A2:D2)" Contoh1

Sub tambah() [i2:i8].Formula = "=SUM(A2:D2)" 'Cell awal i2 Cell akhir i8 menjawab 'formula SUM(A2:D2) akan didrag otomotis mulai i2 sampai i8 Application.DisplayFormulaBar = False

End sub

Sub ratarata ()

[e2:e8].Formula = "=AVERAGE(A2:d2)" Application.DisplayFormulaBar = False End sub

Application.DisplayFormulaBar = False = agar rumus tidak tampil dilembar excel

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4		7	7	4	6.00		
5		5	7	4	5.33		
6		7	9	4	6.67		
7		7	5	4	5.33		
8		7	7	4	6.00		
9							

BAB II Nomor Urut

17.Nomor urut sesuai jumlah data

Membuat Nomor urut Otomatis dengan menghitung jumlah data dikolom tertentu Menggunakan formula "Counta" L5 =Counta(d5:d50)

Sub Nomor () 'Kode yangdisimpan pada sebuah modul Sheets("data").Range("L5") = Application.CountA(Range("d5:d50")) 'Kode prosedur menghitung jumlah data dikolom d mulai d5 sampai d50 No = 0 For NOMOR = 1 To Range("a1") 'Baris dihitung mulai cell a1 No = No + 1 'Setiap pengulangan no bertambah 1 Cells(No + 5, 1).Value = No No ditulis baris kelima pada kolom 1 atau kolom A Next NOMOR

End Sub 18.Nomor urut Otomatis sesuai data sheet

```
Private Sub Worksheet_SelectionChange(ByVal Target As Range)

'Kode yangdisimpan pada sebuah Worksheet

Range("a5:a50").Value = ""

'Kode setiap kali perubahan semua no dihapus sebelum membuat no baru

Sheets("sheet1").Range("a1") = Application.CountA(Range("D5:D50"))

No = 0

For NOMOR = 1 To Range("a1")

No = No + 1

Cells(No + 5, 1).Value = No

Next NOMOR

End Sub
```

	А	в	С	D	E	F
1	4					
2						
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4	No ur	ut otoma	atis sesua	ai data nama		
5	No			NAMA		
6	1			Bapak		
7	2			Budi		
8	3 🧹			Wati		
9	4			MAMAK		
10						
11						
12						
13						
14						
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16						

19.Membuat Nomor urut Silang

Sub Nomor_urut _Silang ()

No = 0 For Nomor = 0 To 25 Step 2 No = Nomor + 1 Cells(No + 5, 4).Value = No Next Nomor Na = 0 For Nama = 1 To 25 Step 2 Na = Nama + 1 Cells(Na + 5, 5).Value = Na Next Nama End Sub

				-	
	А	В	С	D	E
1					
2					
3					
4			no urut sila	ang	
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6		1		1	
7		2			2
8		3		3	
9					4
10				5	
11					6
12				7	
13					8
14				9	
15					10
16				11	
17					12
18				13	
19					14
20				15	
21					16
22				17	

BAB III Workbook

20.Perintah otomatis saat Workbook dibuka

Private Sub Workbook_Open() Msgbox "Hello" End Sub

21.Menampilkan useform Tanpa terlihat lembar kerja

Private Sub Workbook_Open() Application.Visible = False Userutama.Show Application.Visible = True End Sub



22.Run sebelum Workbook keluar

Private Sub Workbook_BeforeClose(Cancel As Boolean) bIsClosing = True End Sub

Private Sub Workbook_BeforeSave(ByVal SaveAsUI As Boolean, Cancel As Boolean) If Cancel = True Or bIsClosing = False Then Exit Sub Run "HideAll" End Sub

Private Sub Workbook_Deactivate() If bIsClosing = False Then Exit Sub Run "HideAll" End Sub

23.menampilkan Userform Otomatis

Private Sub Workbook_Open() Application.Visible = False UserKASIR.Show Application.Visible = True End Sub

24.Menyembunyikan toolbar

Private Sub Workbook_Open()

Application.ExecuteExcel4Macro"show.toolbar(""Ribbon"",False)" Sheets("sheet1").select End Sub

25.Menampilkan toolbar

Private Sub Workbook_Open()

Application.ExecuteExcel4Macro"show.toolbar(""Ribbon"",True)" Sheets("sheet1").select End Sub

26.Menutup semua file Excel selain yg aktif

Private Sub Workbook_Open() Dim WB As Workbook, MyWB As Workbook Set MyWB = ActiveWorkbook For Each WB In Workbooks If WB.Name <> MyWB.Name Then WB.Close Next Exit Sub End Sub

27.Membuat Nama "Range"

Membuat Nama "Range" Membuat Nama "Range" Otomatis saat Wookbook di buka

Private Sub Workbook_Open()

Worksheets("Sheet1").Range("a2:a20").Name = "Rekap" Worksheets("Sheet1").Range("b6:b20").Name = "data" Worksheets("Sheet1").Range("c6:c20").Name = "laporan" Worksheets("Sheet1").Range("d6:d20").Name = "Kas" Worksheets("Sheet1").Range("e6:e20").Name = "Laba" End sub

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 data Kas Laba laporan Rekap 	<pre>{";";";";";";";";";";";";";";";";";";";</pre>	=Sheet1!\$B\$6:\$B\$20 =Sheet1!\$D\$6:\$D\$20 =Sheet1!\$E\$6:\$E\$20 =Sheet1!\$C\$6:\$C\$20 =Sheet1!\$A\$2:\$A\$20	Workbook Workbook Workbook Workbook Workbook	

BAB IV Worksheets

28.Menyembunyikan Worksheet

Sub sembunyicontoh2 ()

Sheets("1").Select Sheets("sekolah").Visible = xlSheetVeryHidden Sheets("gr").Visible = xlSheetVeryHidden Sheets("ks").Visible = xlSheetVeryHidden end sub

Sub sembunyicontoh3 ()

Sheet1.Visible = 1 Sheet2.Visible = 2 Sheet3.Visible = 2 Sheets("sheet1").Select End Sub

29.Sembunyikan sheet bergantian

'Sheets("Sheet1").Visible = 1, nilai 1 ditampilkan sedangkan nilai 2 disembunyikan

Private Sub Worksheet_SelectionChange(ByVal Target As Range) Sheets("Sheet1").Visible = 1 Sheets("Sheet2").Visible = 2 End Sub

Private Sub Worksheet_SelectionChange(ByVal Target As Range) Sheets("Sheet1").Visible = 2 Sheets("Sheet2").Visible = 1 End Sub

30.Membuat sheets Baru sesuai data sheet

Sub sheets_Baru ()

Dim i As Integer Dim key With CreateObject("scripting.dictionary")

```
For i = 1 To Sheets.Count

.Item(Sheets(i).Name) = i

Next i

If Not .exists([b3].Value) Then

Sheets.Add after:=Sheets(Sheets.Count)

Sheets(Sheets.Count).Name = CStr(Sheets("Data").Range("b3"))

Else

MsgBox "data kembar bro": Exit Sub

End If

End With

Sheets("Data").Select

End Sub
```

31.Mengurutkan Sheets berdasarkan nama

Sub SortSheetbyName() Dim numberOfSheets As Integer Dim sheetPosition As Integer Dim I As Integer numberOfSheets = ActiveWorkbook.Worksheets.Count

```
sheetPosition = numberOfSheets
Do
If sheetPosition = 1 Then Exit Do
For I = 1 To sheetPosition - 1
If Sheets(I).Name > Sheets(I + 1).Name Then
Sheets(I + 1).Move before:=Sheets(I)
End If
Next I
sheetPosition = sheetPosition - 1
Loop
End Sub
```

32.Menampilkan daftar nama semua sheets

Sub Daftar_dan_link()

Dim i As Long On Error Resume Next Application.DisplayAlerts = False Worksheets("Table of Content").Delete Application.DisplayAlerts = True On Error GoTo 0 ThisWorkbook.Sheets.Add Before:=ThisWorkbook.Worksheets(1)

```
ActiveSheet.Name = "Table of Content"
For i = 1 To Sheets.Count
With ActiveSheet
.Hyperlinks.Add _
Anchor:=ActiveSheet.Cells(i, 1), _
Address:="", _
SubAddress:="" & Sheets(i).Name & "'!A1", _
ScreenTip:=Sheets(i).Name, _
TextToDisplay:=Sheets(i).Name
End With
Next i
End Sub
```

33.Sembunyikan semua sheet yang tidak active

Sub HideWorksheet()

Dim ws As Worksheet For Each ws In ThisWorkbook.Worksheets If ws.Name <> ThisWorkbook.ActiveSheet.Name Then ws.Visible = xlSheetHidden End If

	C10 •	C
	А	В
1	<u>data</u>	
2	Sheet2	
3	Sheet3	
4	<u>Sheet4</u>	
5	laporan	
6	<u>rekap</u>	
7	<u>kas</u>	
8	<u>jurnal</u>	
9		
10		
11		

Next ws End Sub

34.Menampilkan semua sheet yang tidak active

Sub UnhideAllWorksheet()

Dim ws As Worksheet For Each ws In ActiveWorkbook.Worksheets ws.Visible = xlSheetVisible Next ws End Sub

35.Delete All but the Active Worksheet

Menghapus semua sheet selain sheet aktif

Sub DeleteWorksheets()

Dim ws As Worksheet For Each ws In ThisWorkbook.Worksheets If ws.name <> ThisWorkbook.ActiveSheet.name Then Application.DisplayAlerts = False ws.Delete

Application.DisplayAlerts = True End If Next ws End Sub

36.Save as New Workbook

Sub book_save_as() Dim name As String name = Range("B2").Value ActiveWorkbook.SaveAs Filename:=name Sheets("SHEET1").Range("B2").Value = "" End Sub

Copy Worksheet Into a New Workbook

Copy paste ke sheet filebook baru Sub CopyWorksheetToNewWorkbook() ThisWorkbook.ActiveSheet.Copy_ Before:=Workbooks.Add.Worksheets(1) End Sub

37.Protect All Worksheets

'Memprotek semua sheet pada wookbook aktif dengan Password

Sub ProtectAllWorskeets()

Dim ws As Worksheet Dim ps As String ps = InputBox("Enter a Password.", vbOKCancel) For Each ws In ActiveWorkbook.Worksheets ws.Protect Password:=ps Next ws End Sub

38.Protect Worksheet

Sub ProtectWS() ActiveSheet.Protect "mypassword", True, True End Sub

39.Mengosongkan isi sheet

Private Sub CommandButton1_Click()

Dim answer As Integer answer = MsgBox("Are you sure you want to empty the sheet?", vbYesNo + vbQuestion, "Empty Sheet") If answer = vbYes Then Cells.ClearContents Else 'do nothing

End If End Sub

40.Rool Otomatis active cell

Private Sub Worksheet_SelectionChange(ByVal Target As Range) If Target.Column = 1 Then If Target.Row = 10 Then Range("A1").Activate End If End If End Sub

41.Hide all Worksheet

Menyembunyikan semua sheets sebelum sheet ditutup kecuali sheet10

'Pastekan kode ini pada Modul Private Sub Workbook_BeforeClose(Cancel As Boolean) blsClosing = True End Sub Private Sub Workbook_BeforeSave(ByVal SaveAsUI As Boolean, Cancel As Boolean) If Cancel = True Or blsClosing = False Then Exit Sub Run "HideAll" End Sub Private Sub Workbook_Deactivate() If blsClosing = False Then Exit Sub Run "HideAll" End Sub

'Pastekan kode ini pada Wookbooks Private Sub Workbook_Open()

Run "ShowAll" Sheets("depan1").Select 'Application.ExecuteExcel4Macro "show.toolbar(""Ribbon"",False)" End Sub

Public bIsClosing As Boolean Dim wsSheet As Worksheet

Sub HideAll()

```
Application.ScreenUpdating = False
For Each wsSheet In ThisWorkbook.Worksheets
If wsSheet.CodeName = "Sheet10" Then
wsSheet.Visible = xlSheetVisible
Else
wsSheet.Visible = xlSheetVeryHidden
End If
Next wsSheet
Application.ScreenUpdating = True
End Sub
```

Sub ShowAll() bIsClosing = False For Each wsSheet In ThisWorkbook.Worksheets If wsSheet.CodeName <> "Sheet10" Then wsSheet.Visible = xlSheetVisible End If Next wsSheet Sheet10.Visible = xlSheetVeryHidden End Sub

42.UnHide all Worksheet

Sub ShowAll() blsClosing = False For Each wsSheet In ThisWorkbook.Worksheets If wsSheet CodeName <> "Sheet10" Then

If wsSheet.CodeName <> "Sheet10" Then wsSheet.Visible = xlSheetVisible End If Next wsSheet Sheet10.Visible = xlSheetVeryHidden End Sub

BAB V UserForm

43.Menampilkan atau Menutup Userform

Private Sub CommandButton1_Click() UserForm1.Hide End Sub

Private Sub CommandButton1_Click() UserForm2.show End Sub

Private Sub CommandButton1_Click() Unload me

End Sub

44.Jam digital aktif pada userform

Buatlah sebuah userform dengan 2 label yaitu label1 dan label 2



Private Sub UserForm_Activate()

Label1 = WorksheetFunction.Text(Date, "[\$-421]dddd, dd mmmm yyyy") Do Until Berhenti Label2 = FormatDateTime(Time, vbLongTime) DoEvents

Loop End Sub

45.Menutup userform otomatis

Menutup userform aktif otomatis pada waktu yang sdh ditentukan

Private Sub UserForm_Activate()

Application.OnTime _ (Now() + TimeSerial(0, 0, 3)), "CloseUserForm" End Sub

Userform tampil otomatis saat wookbook dibuka

Private Sub Workbook_Open()

Application.Visible = False

UserForm1.Show

Application.Visible = True

<mark>'Menyembunyikan tollbar</mark>

Application.ExecuteExcel4Macro "show.toolbar(""Ribbon"",False)" End Sub
46.Userform Tampil Bergantian

Private Sub CommandButton1_Click() Unload Me Application.Visible = False Userform1.Show Application.Visible = True End Sub

Private Sub CommandButton2_Click()

Unload Me Application.Visible = False Userform2.Show Application.Visible = True End Sub

47.UserForm_Initialize

Prosedur otomatis saat userform aktif

Private Sub UserForm_Initialize() ComboBox1.AddItem "LAPORAN" ComboBox1.AddItem "KEUANGAN" End Sub

Private Sub UserForm_Initialize() 'menampilkan Label UserForm1.Label1.Caption = "My Label"

'membuat isian Dropdwon pada lisbox
UserForm1.ListBox1.RowSource = Worksheets(1).Range("A1:A10").Address

'Menampilkan isian pada texbox1
Me.TextBox1.Text = ""

'input tex di sheet data cell d6 pada texbox1
WorkSheets("Data").Range("D6").Value = UserForm1.TextBox1.Value
End Sub

48.Private Sub Change

Private Sub ComboBox1_Change()

Me.TextBox1.Text = Me.ComboBox1.Value End Sub

Private Sub ListBox1_Click() Me.TextBox1.Text = Me.ListBox1.Value End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox1_Change()

Sheets("Sheet1").Range("A1").Value = Me.ComboBox1.Value End Sub

Private Sub ListBox1_Click()

Sheets("Sheet1").Range("A1").Value = Me.ListBox1.Value End Sub

BAB VI Textbox

49.Val Texbox (Nilai angka pada texbox)

Private Sub CommandButton1_Click() a = Val(Text1.Text) b = Val(Text2.Text) r = a + b Text3.Text = r End Sub

Private Sub CommandButton2_Click() a = Val(Text1.Text) b = Val(Text2.Text) r = a - b Text3.Text = r 83 Buku Pintar VBA



End Sub

Private Sub CommandButton3_Click() a = Val(Text1.Text) b = Val(Text2.Text) r = a * b

Text3.Text = r End Sub

Private Sub CommandButton4_Click() a = Val(Text1.Text) b = Val(Text2.Text) r = a / b Text3.Text = r End Sub

50.Format Tanggal padaTexbox

Untuk format penulisan tanggal pada texbok , Bila format bukan tanggal maka akan terjadi pembatalan dalam penulisan

Private Sub TextBox3_Exit(ByVal Cancel As MSForms.ReturnBoolean) If Not IsDate(TextBox3.Text) Then 84 Buku Pintar VBA MsgBox "Format Tanggal Lahir Tidak Valid" calsel = True Else End If End Sub

Private Sub TextBox1_Exit(ByVal Cancel As MSForms.ReturnBoolean) If IsDate(TextBox1.Text) = False And _ Len(TextBox1.Text) = 0 Then MsgBox " Format Tanggal Lahir Tidak Valid." TextBox1.Text = "" Cancel = True End If End Sub

51.Kosongkan text pada Texbox

```
With UserForm1
For i = 1 To 5
.Controls("textbox" & i).Text = ""
Next
```

End With End sub

52.Kosongkan text pada combobox

```
With UserForm1
For i = 1 To 3
.Controls("pada combobox " & i).Text = ""
Next
End With
End sub
```

53.Kosongkan text pada texbox dan combobox

```
With UserForm1

For i = 1 To 5

.Controls("textbox" & i).Text = ""

Next

For ni = 1 To 3

.Controls("pada combobox " & ni).Text = ""

Next
```

End sub

54.Validasi Format Number pada texbox

Private Sub TextBox1_KeyPress(ByVal KeyAscii As MSForms.ReturnInteger) 'Validasi angka TextBox Select Case KeyAscii Case Asc("0") To Asc("9") Case Else KeyAscii = 0 End Select End Sub

55.Msg Invalid Number pada texbox

Private Sub TextBox3_Change() If TextBox3 = vbNullString Then Exit Sub If Not IsNumeric(TextBox3) Then MsgBox "Maaf, hanya data berupa angka yang diijinkan", 16, "Validasi" TextBox3 = vbNullString End If End Sub 87 Buku Pintar VBA



56.Validasi Format mata uang pada texbox Private Sub TextBox4_Change() 'Validasi Mata Uang Rupiah TextBox4.Value = Format(TextBox4.Value, "Rp #,##0") Select Case KeyAscii Case Asc("0") To Asc("9")

Rp 55555

57.Validasi Format Jumlah digit pada texbox

Private Sub TextBox2_KeyPress(ByVal KeyAscii As MSForms.ReturnInteger) TextBox2.Value = Format(TextBox2.Value, "0000000000000000") End Sub

NAMA PELANGGAN	
NO NIK	0000000005578578
jumlah Barang	
jUMLAH TERJUAL	
Harga Satuan	
Tanggal Transaksi	

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Case Else

KeyAscii = 0

End Select

End Sub

58. Private date format pada texbox

Private Sub TextBox1_BeforeUpdate(ByVal Cancel As MSForms.ReturnBoolean)

Dim dDate As Date dDate = DateSerial(Year(Date), Month(Date), Day(Date)) TextBox5.Value = Format(TextBox5.Value, "dd/mm/yyyy") dDate = TextBox5.Value End Sub

59.Private ComboBox1 to texbox

Private Sub ComboBox1_Change()

Set ipa = Sheets("Sheet2") On Error Resume Next 'meski error lanjut terus Set KunciLook = ipa.Range("B3", ipa.Range("B3").End(xlDown)) Set c = KunciLook.Find(ComboBox1.Value, LookIn:=xlValues, MatchCase:=False) TextBox2.Value = c.Offset(0, 2).Value TextBox4.Value = c.Offset(0, 1).Value End Sub

60.Penggunaan If TextBox1.Text

Private Sub CommandButton1_Click()

If TextBox2.Text = "" Then '1 MsgBox ("Klik Terlebih Dahulu Daftar Disamping !") ElseIf TextBox2.Text = 1 Then Userutama.Hide Sheets("cover").Select end if end sub

Private Sub CommandButton1_Click()

If TextBox2.Text = 2 Then Userutama.Hide Sheets("murid").Select ElseIf TextBox2.Text = 3 Then Userutama.Hide Sheets("absen").Select end if end sub

BAB VII

<u>Listbox ,Combobox &</u> <u>Commandbutton</u>

61.Menampilkan data pada Listbox

UserForm1					×
	Tam	pilkan			
	NO 1 2 3 4 5	Kode D3 D2 D1 D6 D7	Barang Rokok Surya SABUN RINSO GULA MINYAK	Harga	
				_	

Private Sub CommandButton1_Click()

ListBox1.ColumnCount = 4 ListBox1.ColumnWidths = 50 & ";" & 50 & ";" & 150 & ";" & 150 ListBox1.RowSource = "data" End Sub

'ket : Menampilkan data range dengan nama range <mark>data</mark>' pada lisbox 'ColumnWidths = 50 & ";" & 50 adalah jarak kolom'atau tampilan pada listbox

62.Menampilkan data Terakhir pada Listbox

Private Sub CommandButton1_Click() ListBox1.ColumnCount = 4 ListBox1.ColumnWidths = 50 & ";" & 50 & ";" & 150 & ";" & 150 ListBox1.RowSource = "data" End Sub

63.Menampilkan data listbox di texbox

Private Sub ListBox1_Click()

TextBox1.Value = ListBox1.List(ListBox1.ListIndex, 0)

<mark>'data listbox tampil di texbox</mark>

<mark>'ListIndex, 0) artinya menampilkan data</mark>

'kolom pertama dari listbox

TextBox2.Value = ListBox1.List(ListBox1.ListIndex, 1)

TextBox3.Value = ListBox1.List(ListBox1.ListIndex, 2)

End Sub

64.List Combobox Tranpose (dalam baris)

Private Sub UserForm_Initialize()

ComboBox1.List = Application.Transpose(Sheet1.Range("D5:F5").Value) End Sub

65.List Combobox (sesuai data 1 kolom)

Private Sub UserForm_Initialize() For Jmlh = 3 To 12 Nilai = Range("L" & Jmlh) ComboBox1.AddItem Nilai Next Jmlh End Sub

66.List Multi Combobox (sheet data multy kolom)

<mark>Private Sub UserForm_Initialize()</mark> For Jmlh = 3 To 15 <mark>'Dimulai pada baris ke 3 sampai baris ke 15 pada kolom</mark>

'L untuk tangggal ,m untuk bulan ,n untuk Tahun. Tanggal = Range("L" & Jmlh) Bulan = Range("M" & Jmlh) Tahun = Range("N" & Jmlh) Pasien = Range("O" & Jmlh) ComboBox1.AddItem Tanggal ComboBox2.AddItem Bulan ComboBox3.AddItem Tahun Next Jmlh End Sub

67.List Combobox AddItem

Private Sub UserForm_Initialize() ComboBox1.AddItem "JANUARI" ComboBox1.AddItem "FEBRUARI" ComboBox1.AddItem "MARET" End Sub

68.List Combobox Filter Kelompok Data

Private Sub UserForm_Initialize()

Dim Cabang As Range, UniqCabang, n As Long Set Tbl = Sheets("Sheet1").Cells(4, 3).CurrentRegion Set Cabang = Tbl.Offset(2, 2).Resize(Tbl.Rows.Count - 2, 1) UniqCabang = LOUV(Cabang) ComboBox1.Clear For n = LBound(UniqCabang) To UBound(UniqCabang) ComboBox1.AddItem UniqCabang(n) Next n

End Sub

```
Private Sub ComboBox1_Change()
```

```
Dim HeadArray(), r As Long, n As Long, c As Integer
ReDim HeadArray(0 To Tbl.Columns.Count - 1)
With ListBox1
```

```
.ColumnCount = Tbl.Columns.Count
```

.Clear

```
' Header dlm listbox
```

```
For c = 0 To Tbl.Columns.Count - 1
```

```
HeadArray(c) = Tbl(2, c + 1)
   Next c
   .AddItem: .Column() = HeadArray
   n = 0: r = 0: c = 0
   ' items dlm listbox
   For r = 3 To Tbl.Rows.Count
    If ComboBox1.ListIndex > -1 Then
      If Tbl(r, 3) = ComboBox1 Then
       n = n + 1
       For c = 1 To Tbl.Columns.Count
         .AddItem: .List(n, c - 1) = Tbl(r, c)
       Next c
      End If
    End If
   Next r
 End With
End Sub
```

69.CommandButton Multy Control

Private Sub CommandButton1_Click()

If CommandButton1.Caption = "Contoh1" Then Call hapus Call Contoh1 CommandButton1.Caption = "Contoh2"

ElseIf CommandButton1.Caption = "Contoh2" Then Call hapus Call Contoh2 CommandButton1.Caption = "Contoh3"

ElseIf CommandButton1.Caption = "Contoh3" Then Call hapus Call Contoh3 CommandButton1.Caption = "Contoh4"

ElseIf CommandButton1.Caption = "Contoh4" Then Call hapus Call Contoh4 CommandButton1.Caption = "Contoh5"

ElseIf CommandButton1.Caption = "Contoh5" Then 97 Buku Pintar VBA Call hapus Call Contoh5 CommandButton1.Caption = "Contoh6"

ElseIf CommandButton1.Caption = "Contoh6" Then Call hapus Call Contoh6 CommandButton1.Caption = "Contoh7"

ElseIf CommandButton1.Caption = "Contoh7" Then Call hapus Call Contoh7 Call Color CommandButton1.Caption = "Color"

ElseIf CommandButton1.Caption = "Color" Then Call hapus Call Color2 CommandButton1.Caption = "Contoh1" End If End Sub

70.Effek mouse pada CommandButton

Private Sub CommandButton1_MouseMove(ByVal Button As Integer, ByVal Shift As Integer, ByVal X As Single, ByVal Y As Single) 'Effek mouse With CommandButton1 'jika ouse diarahkan maka latar belakang akan menjadi biru .BackColor = vbBlue .ForeColor = vbRed End With End Sub

Private Sub CommandButton2_MouseMove(ByVal Button As Integer, ByVal Shift As Integer, ByVal X As Single, ByVal Y As Single) 'Effek mouse With CommandButton2 'jika ouse diarahkan maka latar belakang akan menjadi biru .BackColor = vbBlue .ForeColor = vbRed End With End Sub Private Sub UserForm_MouseMove(ByVal Button As Integer, ByVal Shift As Integer, ByVal X As Single, ByVal Y As Single) 'Effek mouse With CommandButton1 .BackColor = &H8000000F .ForeColor = RGB(0, 0, 0) End With With CommandButton2 .BackColor = &H8000000F .ForeColor = RGB(0, 0, 0) End With End Sub

bab viii Variable

71.Pengulanagan no urut

Sub Contoh1() Dim lNomor As Long For lNomor = 1 To 25 Step 1 Sheets("Dataku").Range("A" & lNomor + 1).Value = lNomor Next lNomor End Sub

72.Setiap pengulangan tambah 3

Sub Contoh2() Dim lNomor As Long, lBaris As Long lBaris = 2

For lNomor = 1 To 25 Step 3 Sheets("Dataku").Range("A" & lBaris).Value = lNomor lBaris = lBaris + 1 Next lNomor End Sub

73.Setiap pengulangan dikurang 3

Sub Contoh3() Dim lNomor As Long, lBaris As Long lBaris = 2 For lNomor = 25 To 1 Step -3 Sheets("Dataku").Range("A" & lBaris).Value = lNomor lBaris = lBaris + 1 Next lNomor End Sub

74.Pengualangan dari baris 1 tambah 1 lompat baris ke 3

Sub Contoh4() Dim lNomor As Long, lBaris As Long lNomor = 1

For lBaris = 1 To 50 Step 3 Sheets("Dataku").Range("A" & lBaris).Value = lNomor lNomor = lNomor + 1 Next lBaris End Sub

75.Pengualangan dari baris 2 tambah 1 lompat baris ke 4

Sub Contoh5() Dim lNomor As Long, lBaris As Long lNomor = 1 For lBaris = 2 To 50 Step 4 Sheets("Dataku").Range("A" & lBaris).Value = lNomor lNomor = lNomor + 1 Next lBaris End Sub

76.Pengualangan2 Kolom

Sub Contoh6() Dim lNomor As Long, lBaris As Long, lKode As Long lBaris = 2

```
For lNomor = 1 To 25
For lKode = 10 To 25 Step 5
Sheets("Dataku").Range("A" & lBaris).Value = lNomor
Sheets("Dataku").Range("B" & lBaris).Value = lKode
lBaris = lBaris + 1
Next lKode
Next lNomor
End Sub
```

77.Pengualangan 2 Kolom silang

```
Sub Contoh7()
No = 0
For NOMOR = 0 To 25 Step 2
No = NOMOR + 1
Cells(No + 1, 1).Value = No
Next NOMOR
Na = 0
For Nama = 1 To 25 Step 2
Na = Nama + 1
Cells(Na + 1, 2).Value = Na
Next Nama
```

End Sub

78.Setiap pengulangan tambah 1 menampilakan seri warna Sub Contoh8()

```
Dim i
For i = 1 To 56
Cells(i, 1).Interior.ColorIndex = i
Cells(i, 1) = i
Next i
End Sub
```

79.Pengulangan N0 seri warna 2 Kolom Sub Contoh9()

```
Dim i
For i = 1 To 56
Cells(i, 2).Interior.ColorIndex = i
Cells(i, 2) = i
Next i
End Sub
80.Pengulangan Lembar Print Out
Sub tambah_sheets()
Sheets(array("sheet1","Sheet2","Sheet3")).Printout
```



```
irow = Worksheets("sheet1").Cells(Rows.Count, 2).End(xlUp).Offset(1, 1).Row
Worksheets("sheet1").Cells(irow, 2).Value = TextBox1.Value
Worksheets("sheet1").Cells(irow, 3).Value = TextBox2.Value
Worksheets("sheet1").Cells(irow, 4).Value = TextBox3.Value
'Pesan sdh di input
MsgBox ("Data sudah tersimpan di sheet1 ")
End Sub
```

82.Input dengan user Form ke Multy sheet

Private Sub CommandButton1_Click()

Dim Arow As Long Dim Brow As Long Dim Crow As Long

'Deklarasi Arow input atau mengisi baris terakhir pada sheet1

Arow = Worksheets("sheet1").Cells(Rows.Count, 2).End(xlUp).Offset(1, 1).Row Worksheets("sheet1").Cells(Arow, 2).Value = TextBox1.Value Worksheets("sheet1").Cells(Arow, 3).Value = TextBox2.Value Worksheets("sheet1").Cells(Arow, 4).Value = TextBox3.Value

'Deklarasi Brow input atau mengisi baris terakhir pada sheet2 Brow = Worksheets("sheet2").Cells(Rows.Count, 2).End(xlUp).Offset(1, 1).Row Worksheets("sheet2").Cells(Brow, 2).Value = TextBox1.Value Worksheets("sheet2").Cells(Brow, 3).Value = TextBox2.Value Worksheets("sheet2").Cells(Brow, 4).Value = TextBox3.Value

'Deklarasi Crow input atau mengisi baris terakhir pada sheet3 Crow = Worksheets("sheet3").Cells(Rows.Count, 2).End(xlUp).Offset(1, 1).Row Worksheets("sheet3").Cells(Crow, 2).Value = TextBox1.Value Worksheets("sheet3").Cells(Crow, 3).Value = TextBox2.Value Worksheets("sheet3").Cells(Crow, 4).Value = TextBox3.Value 'kosongkan texbox TextBox1.Value = "" TextBox2.Value = "" TextBox3.Value = "" 'Pesan sdh di input MsgBox ("Data sudah tersimpan di tiga sheet ")

End Sub

83. Input Range

Menulis pada Sheet1 Cell Tertentu

Sub Ketik()

Sheets("Sheet1").Range("a4").Value = <mark>"Data Kelas Satu"</mark> Sheets("Sheet1").Range("a5").Value = <mark>"Absen Bulanan"</mark> End Sub

84.Input pilihan Kolom kreteria Combobox

Private Sub CommandButton1_Click()

Dim irow As Long irow = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(Rows.Count, 2).End(xlUp).Offset(1, 1).Row Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(irow, 2).Value = TextBox1.Value Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(irow, 3).Value = TextBox2.Value

```
If ComboBox1.Text = "Januari" Then
Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(irow, 4).Value = TextBox3.Value
ElseIf ComboBox1.Text = "Februari" Then
Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(irow, 5).Value = TextBox3.Value
ElseIf ComboBox1.Text = "Maret" Then
Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(irow, 6).Value = TextBox3.Value
End If
End Sub
```

85. Input ke active cell Sub GetInput() Dim str As String Do str = InputBox("Tulis kalimat pada cell aktif") If str <> "" Then ActiveCell.Value = str Exit Do End If Loop End Sub

86.Input Abjat A-Z ke active cell

Sub Hurup_Abjat() Dim iChar As Integer For iChar = 0 To 25 'write upper case letters ActiveCell.Offset(iChar, 0) = Chr(65 + iChar) 'write lower case letters ActiveCell.Offset(iChar, 1) = Chr(97 + iChar) Next



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4			С	с				
5			D	d				
6			E	e				
7			F	f				
8			G	g				
9			Н	h				
10			1	i				
11			J	j				
12			К	k				
13			L	I.				

End Sub

BAB X Tampilkan Data

87.Menampilkan data ComboBox di TextBox

Private Sub CommandButton1_Click()

cari = ComboBox1.Value With Worksheets("Sheet1").Range("A6:A58") Set c = .Find(cari, LookIn:=xlValues) If Not c Is Nothing Then baris = c.Row ComboBox1.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(baris, 1).Value TextBox2.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(baris, 2).Value TextBox3.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(baris, 3).Value TextBox4.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(baris, 4).Value TextBox5.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(baris, 5).Value TextBox6.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(baris, 5).Value TextBox7.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(baris, 6).Value TextBox7.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(baris, 7).Value



MsgBox "code name no detec" End If End With End Sub Menampilkan pencarian dengan CombBox _Click()

UserForm1						
Pencarian Data dg Combobox						
<mark>560</mark> <mark>▼</mark>						
560						
CEIZA FEBYANI						
Laki - Laki						
MUNA						
03/02/2010						
Parura Jaya						

Private Sub ComboBox1_Click() 'PENCARIAN dengan combobox Click()l

Cari = ComboBox1.Value With Worksheets("Sheet1").Range("c5:c50") Set c = .Find(Cari, LookIn:=xlValues) If Not c Is Nothing Then

baris = c.Row

TextBox2.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(baris, 3).Value TextBox3.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(baris, 4).Value TextBox4.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(baris, 5).Value TextBox5.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(baris, 6).Value TextBox6.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(baris, 7).Value TextBox7.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(baris, 8).Value Else

MsgBox "NAMA BELUM TERDAFTAR"

End If End With End Sub

Private Sub UserForm_Initialize()

'label otomatis TextBox8.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(5, 3).Value TextBox9.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(5, 2).Value TextBox10.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(5, 4).Value TextBox11.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(5, 5).Value TextBox12.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(5, 6).Value TextBox13.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(5, 7).Value TextBox14.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(5, 8).Value 'Combobox list For Jmlh = 6 To 55 Nilai = Range("c" & Jmlh) ComboBox1.AddItem Nilai Next Jmlh End Sub

88.Menampilkan data ListBox di TextBox

Private Sub ListBox1_Click() Me.TextBox1.Text = Me.ListBox1.Value End Sub

89.Menampilkan data Sheets di ComboBox

Private Sub UserForm_Initialize()

Me.ComboBox1.Value = Sheets("Sheet1").Range("A1").Value End Sub

90.Menampilkan data Sheets di ListBox

Private Sub CommandButton1_Click()

ListBox1.ColumnCount = 4 ListBox1.ColumnWidths = 50 & ";" & 50 & ";" & 150 & ";" & 150 ListBox1.RowSource = "data" End Sub **91.Menampilkan data TextBox di data Sheets**

Use	UserForm1				
	Listbox1	Listbox1 textbox1			
	Rokok Surya SABUN	110,000 450,000	-	RINSO	
	RINSO GULA MINYAK	250,000 53,000 55,000	•	Tampilkan	

lue	UserForm1 Cl	OMBOBOX1 llo	X
erForm1			
Tam	pilkan		
NO 1 2 3 4 5	Kode D3 D2 D1 D6 D7	Barang Rokok Surya SABUN RINSO GULA MINYAK	
•			

Private Sub UserForm_Initialize()

WorkSheets("Data").Range("D6").Value = UserForm1.TextBox1.Value End Sub

92.Menampilkan text label

Private Sub UserForm_Initialize() 'menampilkan Label UserForm1.Label1.Caption = "Hallo Putu Asana ?" End sub

93.Menampilkan isian pada texbox1

Private Sub UserForm_Initialize() Me.TextBox1.Text = "Halo Putu Asana" End sub

94.Menampilkan isian Dropdwon pada lisbox

Private Sub UserForm_Initialize()

UserForm1.ListBox1.RowSource = Worksheets(1).Range("A1:A10").Address End sub


95.Menampilkan Daftar Sheet pada Lisbox

Private Sub CommandButton1_Click()

Dim J As Integer, N As Integer Dim sName As String Dim oSheet As Object With UserForm2.ListBox1 For Each oSheet In Sheets If TypeName(oSheet) = "Worksheet" Or _ TypeName(oSheet) = "Chart" Then .AddItem oSheet.Name End If Next End With End Sub

UserForm1	×
Tampilkan Nama Sheet	
LAPORAN Sheet1 Sheet2 Sheet3 BON Sheet5	•

96.Menampilkan Daftar nama Sheet di kolom A

Sub daftar_Nama_sheets()
'Daftar link dan nama sheet
Dim i As Long
For i = 1 To Sheets.Count
With ActiveSheet
.Hyperlinks.Add _
Anchor:=ActiveSheet.Cells(i, 1), _
Address:="", _
SubAddress:="" & Sheets(i).Name & "'!A1", _
<pre>ScreenTip:=Sheets(i).Name, _</pre>
TextToDisplay:=Sheets(i).Name
End With
Next i
End Sub

	А	В
1	LAPORAN	
2	<u>Sheet1</u>	
3	<u>Sheet2</u>	
4	<u>Sheet3</u>	
5	<u>BON</u>	
6	<u>Sheet5</u>	
7	<u>KAS</u>	
8		
9		
10		
11		

97.Menampilkan Daftar nama File dari sebuah Folder

Sub Get_link_file()
Dim xFSO As Object
Dim xFolder As Object
Dim xFile As Object
Dim xFiDialog As FileDialog
Dim xPath As String
Dim I As Integer
Set xFiDialog = Application.FileDialog(msoFileDialogFolderPicker)
If xFiDialog.Show = -1 Then
xPath = xFiDialog.SelectedItems(1)
End If
Set xFiDialog = Nothing
If xPath = "" Then Exit Sub
Set xFSO = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")
Set xFolder = xFSO.GetFolder(xPath)
For Each xFile In xFolder.Files
I = I + 1
ActiveSheet.Hyperlinks.Add Cells(I, 1), xFile.Path, , , xFile.Name
Next
End Sub

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 26
 Border Otomatis sesuai data Cell.xlsm

 II ↓ ↓ ↓
 Sheet1 ♥

 Ready 🔚

BAB XI Edit dan Inport data

98.Edit data baris



```
Private Sub CommandButton1 Click()
'edit data
Dim pesan As Integer
pesan = MsgBox("Yakin ingin Memperbaiki data baris ini?", vbYesNo + vbQuestion, "Peringatan")
If pesan = vbYes Then
Data = ComboBox1.Value
With Worksheets("SHEET1").Range("C6:C58")
Set c = .Find(Data, LookIn:=xlValues)
If Not c Is Nothing Then
baris = c.Row
Worksheets("SHEET1").Cells(baris, 3).Value = ComboBox1.Value
Worksheets("SHEET1").Cells(baris, 2).Value = TextBox2.Value
Worksheets("SHEET1").Cells(baris, 4).Value = TextBox3.Value
Worksheets("SHEET1").Cells(baris, 5).Value = TextBox4.Value
Worksheets("SHEET1").Cells(baris, 6).Value = TextBox5.Value
Worksheets("SHEET1").Cells(baris, 7).Value = TextBox6.Value
Worksheets("SHEET1").Cells(baris, 8).Value = TextBox7.Value
End If
End With
ComboBox1.Value = ""
TextBox2.Value = ""
TextBox3.Value = ""
TextBox4.Value = ""
TextBox5.Value = ""
TextBox6.Value = ""
TextBox7.Value = ""
ComboBox1.SetFocus
End If
End Sub
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```

```
Private Sub ComboBox1 Click()
'Menampilkan data sebelum diedit
Cari = ComboBox1.Value
With Worksheets("Sheet1").Range("c5:c50")
Set c = .Find(Cari, LookIn:=xlValues)
If Not c Is Nothing Then
baris = c.Row
TextBox2.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(baris, 3).Value
TextBox3.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(baris, 4).Value
TextBox4.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(baris, 5).Value
TextBox5.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(baris, 6).Value
TextBox6.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(baris, 7).Value
TextBox7.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(baris, 8).Value
Else
MsgBox "NAMA BELUM TERDAFTAR"
End If
End With
```

End Sub

Private Sub UserForm_Initialize()

'Menampilakan label otomatis
TextBox8.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(5, 3).Value
TextBox9.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(5, 2).Value
TextBox10.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(5, 4).Value

TextBox11.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(5, 5).Value TextBox12.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(5, 6).Value TextBox13.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(5, 7).Value TextBox14.Value = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(5, 8).Value 'List combobox For Jmlh = 6 To 55 Nilai = Range("c" & Jmlh) ComboBox1.AddItem Nilai Next Jmlh End Sub

99.Edit data sederhana



Private Sub CommandButton1_Click()

Dim pesan As Integer pesan = MsgBox("Yakin ingin menyimpan Data HARGA baris ini?", vbYesNo + vbQuestion, "Peringatan") If pesan = vbYes Then Data = TextBox1.Value With Worksheets("HARGA").Range("A6:A58") Set c = .Find(Data, LookIn:=xlValues) If Not c Is Nothing Then baris = c.RowWorksheets("HARGA").Cells(baris, 1).Value = TextBox1.Value Worksheets("HARGA").Cells(baris, 2).Value = TextBox2.Value Worksheets("HARGA").Cells(baris, 3).Value = TextBox3.Value End If End With TextBox1.Value = "" TextBox2.Value = "" TextBox3.Value = "" TextBox1.SetFocus End If End Sub

100.Edit data baris kreteria

Sub hapus_baris_Kreteria()

Dim r As Range, d As Range Set r = Range("d5:d20") Application.ScreenUpdating = False For Each d In r If d.Value = 1 Then d.EntireRow.Value = "" Else End If Next d Application.ScreenUpdating = True End Sub

101.Impor data antar Worksheet

Sub DoCopyExample1() Dim srceRng As Range Dim destRng As Range Set srceRng = _

Workbooks("book1.xlsm").Sheets("sheet1").Range("A1:d10")
Set destRng = _
Workbooks("book1.xlsm").Sheets("sheet2").Range("A1")
srceRng.Copy
Workbooks("book1.xlsm").Sheets("sheet2").Paste destRng
destRng.Parent.Paste destRng
srceRng.Copy destRng
End Sub

102.Import data Multy file menjadi satu file

Sub mergeFiles() Dim numberOfFilesChosen, i As Integer Dim tempFileDialog As FileDialog Dim mainWorkbook, sourceWorkbook As Workbook Dim tempWorkSheet As Worksheet Set mainWorkbook = Application.ActiveWorkbook Set tempFileDialog = Application.FileDialog(msoFileDialogFilePicker) 'Allow the user to select multiple workbooks tempFileDialog.AllowMultiSelect = True numberOfFilesChosen = tempFileDialog.Show ' Loop through all selected workbooks

For i = 1 To tempFileDialog.SelectedItems.Count 'Open each workbook Workbooks.Open tempFileDialog.SelectedItems(i) Set sourceWorkbook = ActiveWorkbook ' Copy each worksheet to the end of the main workbook For Each tempWorkSheet In sourceWorkbook.Worksheets tempWorkSheet.Copy after:=mainWorkbook.Sheets(mainWorkbook.Worksheets.Count) Next tempWorkSheet ' Close the source workbook sourceWorkbook.Close Next i End Sub

BAB XII

Filtar & xlAscending

103.Mengurutkan data dari kecil ke besar Pada data range

Sub kecil_besar () Range("DataRange").Sort Key1:=Range("A1"), Order1:=<mark>xlAscending</mark>, Header:=xlYes End Sub

104.Mengurutkan data dari besarke kecil Pada data range

Sub besar () Range("DataRange").Sort Key1:=Range("A1"), Order1:=<mark>xlDescending,</mark> Header:=xlYes End Sub

105.Filter pada list Combobox

Private Sub UserForm_Initialize() 127 Buku Pintar VBA Dim Cabang As Range, UniqCabang, n As Long Set Tbl = Sheets("Sheet1").Cells(4, 1).CurrentRegion Set Cabang = Tbl.Offset(2, 1).Resize(Tbl.Rows.Count - 2, 1) UniqCabang = LOUV(Cabang) ComboBox1.Clear For n = LBound(UniqCabang) To UBound(UniqCabang) ComboBox1.AddItem UniqCabang(n) Next n End Sub

106. Mengurutkan data dari kecil ke besar sesuai kolom pilihan

Sub urut_dikolom_B ()

ActiveSheet.Range("B5:m55").Sort _ Key1:=Range("b5"), Order1:=xlAscending, Header:=xlYes ActiveSheet.Range("B6:B55").Interior.ColorIndex = 2 ' 5=Biru MsgBox "data telah diurutkan berdasarkan No Induk Siswa" Unload Me End Sub

107.Mengurutkan data dari besarke kecil sesuai kolom pilihan

Sub urut_dikolom_D ()

ActiveSheet.Range("B5:m55").Sort _ Key1:=Range("D5"), Order1:=xlDescending, Header:=xlYes ActiveSheet.Range("d6:d55").Interior.ColorIndex = 2 ' 5=Biru MsgBox "data telah diurutkan berdasarkan Nama Siswa" Unload Me End Sub

Mengurutkan data dari A ke Z data unik



Option Explicit Sub CreateUniqueList()

Dim lastrow As Long lastrow = Cells(Rows.Count, "B").End(xlUp).Row ActiveSheet.Range("B2:B" & lastrow).AdvancedFilter_ Action:=xlFilterCopy,_ CopyToRange:=ActiveSheet.Range("D2"),_ UNIQUE:=True End Sub

108.Filter Tanggal

Filter data berdasarkan tanggal awal dan tanggal akhir tanggal awal = L1 dan tanggal akhir = L2 Filter table dimulai di Cell B4

Sub Filter_Tgl()

Dim TglAwal As Date Dim i As Long, Interval As Long With Sheets("KELUAR") If .FilterMode Then AutoFilter = False TglAwal = Format(.Range("L1").Value, "dd/mm/yyyy") Interval = (.Range("L2") - .Range("L1")) + 1 i = TglAwal

.Range("B4").AutoFilter Field:=1, Criteria1:=">=" & i, Operator:=xlAnd, Criteria2:="<" & i + Interval End With End Sub

109.Filter data dengan menyembunyikan baris kosong Filter data dengan menyembunyikan selain data pilihan Dengan kolom bantu =IFERROR(IF(\$D\$3=3;3;0);"") Setiap data dikolom bantu bernilai 0 akan disembunyikan

Sub Row_blank() Dim r As Range, c As Range Set r = Range("g7:g50") Application.ScreenUpdating = False For Each c In r If Len(c.Text) = 0 Then c.EntireRow.Hidden = True Else c.EntireRow.Hidden = False End If Next c Range("a1").Select End Sub

BAB XIII Row atau baris

110. Mengetahui posisi Cell aktif

Sub MyPosition()

myRow = ActiveCell.Row myCol = ActiveCell.Column Msgbox myRow & "," & myCol End Sub

111.ActiveCell.Address

Mengetahui cell adress yang sedang aktif, ini berguna jika ingin membuat formula

Sub MyAddress()

MsgBox ActiveCell.Address(RowAbsolute:=False, columnAbsolute:=False) End Sub

112.Menemukan baris kosong paling akhir

Sub Kosong_terbawah() Range("a65536").End(xlUp).Offset(1, 0).Select End Sub

Sub Kosong_terbawah1()

Dim firstBlank As Range Set firstBlank = Range("A1").End(xlDown).Offset(1, 0) MsgBox firstBlank.Address End Sub

113.Membuat nama range

Sub RngName()

Selection.Name = "myRange" End Sub

114.Address ke nama range

Sub go_Nama_siswa()

Application.Goto Reference:="siswa" Range("siswa").Select End Sub

115.Auto fit Row (Mengatur ukuran Baris /Kolom)

Sub AutoFitRows()

Cells.Select Cells.EntireRow.AutoFit End Sub

116.Menampilkan kembali baris yang disembunyikan

Sub normal() Rows("8:20").Hidden = False End Sub

117.Sembunyikan Baris Kosong

Sub HidenRowblank () Dim r As Range, c As Range Set r = Range("c8:c20") Application.ScreenUpdating = False For Each c In r If Len(c.Text) = 0 Then c.EntireRow.Hidden = True Else c.EntireRow.Hidden = False End If Next c Range("a1").Select End Sub

118.Menghapus baris yang kosong

Sub deletRowBlank ()

Dim row As Long Dim pesan As Integer pesan = MsgBox("Are you to delet Blank Row?", vbYesNo + vbQuestion, "Warning") **135 Buku Pintar VBA**

```
If pesan = vbYes Then
LastRow = ThisWorkbook.Sheets("Sheet1").Cells(Rows.Count, 1).End(xlUp).row
row = 2
For row = LastRow To row Step -1
If Cells(row, 1) = "" Then
Cells(row, 1).EntireRow.Delete
End If
Next row
End If
End Sub
```

119.Menghapus data baris kreteria

Private Sub CommandButton1_Click() Dim r As Range, d As Range Set r = Range("d7:d17") Application.ScreenUpdating = False For Each d In r If d.Value = 1 Then d.EntireRow.Clear Else End If 136 Buku Pintar VBA Next d Application.ScreenUpdating = True Unload Me End Sub

120.Menandai baris kosong

Sub HighlightBlankCells() Dim Dataset As Range Set Dataset = Selection Dataset.SpecialCells(xlCellTypeBlanks).Interior.Color = vbRed End Sub

121.Hide Unhide baris kosong otomatis

<mark>menyembunyikan dan menampilkan baris secara otomatis dengan ketentuan nilai</mark> <mark>kosong dari range tertentu</mark>

Private Sub Worksheet_Change(ByVal Target As Range) If Range("b13").Value = "" Then Rows("14:19").EntireRow.Hidden = True Else

```
Rows("14:19").EntireRow.Hidden = False
If Range("b20").Value = "" Then
Rows("21:26").EntireRow.Hidden = True
Else
Rows("21:26").EntireRow.Hidden = False
End If
End If
End If
End Sub
```

```
122.Menambah baris pada active cell
```

```
Sub InsertAlternateRows()
```

```
Dim rng As Range
Dim CountRow As Integer
Dim i As Integer
Set rng = Selection
CountRow = rng.EntireRow.Count
For i = 1 To CountRow
ActiveCell.EntireRow.Insert
ActiveCell.Offset(2, 0).Select
Next i
End Sub
```

123.Menyembunyikan baris bernilai 0 atau kosong

Dim r As Range, c As Range Set r = Range("c7:c57") Application.ScreenUpdating = False For Each c In r If Len(c.Text) = 0 Then c.EntireRow.Hidden = True Else c.EntireRow.Hidden = False End If Next c Range("a1").Select End sub

124.Menambah baris sejumlah pesan ditulis pada Msg

Sub InsertMultipleRows()

Dim i As Integer Dim j As Integer ActiveCell.EntireRow.Select

```
On Error GoTo Last

i = InputBox("Enter number of columns to insert", "Insert Columns")

For j = 1 To i

Selection.Insert Shift:=xlToDown, CopyOrigin:=xlFormatFromRightorAbove

Next j

Last:

Exit Sub

End Sub
```

```
125.Menandai baris yang akan dihapus
```

```
Dim row As Long
Dim pesan As Integer
pesan = MsgBox("are you deleting no duplicate?", vbYesNo + vbQuestion,
"Peringatan")
If pesan = vbYes Then
MsgBox "TANDAI = Menandai nama siswa )" & vbCrLf & "PILIH =Sistem akan
mebuang nama yang tidak dipilih!"
Sheets("data8").Range("a7:a300").clear
ActiveSheet.Columns(6).Insert Shift:=xlRight
```

Columns("F:F").Select Selection.Delete Shift:=xlToLeft

126.Mengambil data baris terakhir.

```
Private Sub UserForm_Initialize()
```

BarisTerakhir = Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells(Rows.Count, 1).End(xlUp).Value TextBox1.Value = BarisTerakhir End Sub

127.Menentukan Ketinggian Baris Cell Active

```
Sub Row ()
Dim cm As Single
cm = Application.InputBox("Enter Row Height in Centimeters", _
"Row Height (cm)", Type:=1)
IfcmThen
Selection.RowHeight = Application.CentimetersToPoints(cm)
EndIf
EndSub
```

BAB XIV Coulumns

128.Menentukan tinggi kolom ActiveCell

Sub ColumnWidth ()

ActiveCell.EntireColumn.ColumnWidth = 12 End sub

Sub AutoFitColumns()

Cells.Select Cells.EntireColumn.AutoFit End Sub

129.Menentukan Lebar Baris

Sub Row_Heigh ()

ActiveCell.EntireRow.RowHeight = 15 End sub

130.AutoFit Column semua Worksheet in a Workbook

Sub AutoFit_Columns1()

Dim sht As Worksheet For Each sht In ThisWorkbook.Worksheets sht.Cells.EntireColumn.AutoFit Next sht End Sub

131.AutoFit semua Columns on Worksheet

Sub AutoFit_Columns5()

ThisWorkbook.Worksheets("Sheet2").Cells.EntireColumn.AutoFit End Sub

132. AutoFit Satu Column

Sub AutoFit_Columns2()

ThisWorkbook.Worksheets("Sheet2").Columns("B:B").EntireColumn.AutoFit End Sub

133.AutoFit Multiple Columns

Sub AutoFit_Columns3()

ThisWorkbook.Worksheets("Sheet2").Range("C:C,D:D").EntireColumn.AutoFit End Sub

134.AutoFit Multiple Columns sesuai nama sheets

Sub AutoFit_Columns4()

ThisWorkbook.Worksheets("Sheet2").Range("C:D").EntireColumn.AutoFit End Sub

135.AutoFit Columns Copy paste interior

Sub Copy_ColumnWidth_interior 2()

Range("B2:B13").Select Application.CutCopyMode = False Selection.copy Range("E2").Select Selection.PasteSpecial Paste:=xlPasteAllUsingSourceTheme, Operation:=xlNone _ , SkipBlanks:=False, Transpose:=False ThisWorkbook.Worksheets("Sheet1").Range("E:E").EntireColumn.AutoFit End Sub

136.Menghapus kolom E pada ActiveSheet Sub hapus_ Columns ()

With ActiveSheet ActiveSheet.Columns("E:E").Select Selection.Delete Shift:=xlToLeft End With End Sub

137.Columns Hidden (No Kolom)

Sembunyikan kolom bila bernilai False

Tampilkan kolom bila bernilaiTruePrivate Sub CommandButton15_Click()ActiveSheet.Columns(7).Hidden = TrueActiveSheet.Columns(8).Hidden = TrueActiveSheet.Columns(9).Hidden = FalseEnd Sub

138.Menambah kolom

Sub tambah_Kolom_E () ActiveSheet.Columns(6).Insert Shift:=xlRight End sub

139.Hapus Kolom pada ActiveSheet

Sub delet_kolom_F ()

Columns("F:F").Select Selection.Delete Shift:=xlToLeft End sub

140.Tambah Kolom pada ActiveSheet

Sub tambah () With ActiveSheet ActiveSheet.Columns(6).Insert Shift:=xlRight end sub

BAB XV Color dan Pictures

141.Mewarnai angka sesuai Kreteria

Cells(i, 2).Value artinya (Sasaran kolom 2) For i = 1 To 20 artinya (B1 sampai B20) Value > 50 artinya :Angka diatas 50 akan berwana hitam (5) dan sebaliknya berwana merah (3)

Sub sampel () 'Mewarnai tex Dim i, counter As Integer For i = 1 To 20 If Cells(i, 2).Value > 50 Then counter = counter + 1 Cells(i, 2).Font.ColorIndex = 5 Else 147 Buku Pintar VBA Cells(i, 2).Font.ColorIndex = 3 End If Next i End Sub

142.Mewarnai Cell Active Vertikal Horisontal

Private Sub Worksheet_BeforeDoubleClick(ByVal Target As Range, Cancel As Boolean)

Dim strRange As String strRange = Target.Cells.Address & "," & _ Target.Cells.EntireColumn.Address & "," & _ Target.Cells.EntireRow.Address Range(strRange).Select End Sub

143.Warna otomatis cell aktif vertical dan Horisontal

Private Sub Worksheet_SelectionChange(ByVal Target As Range) Dim rowNumberValue As Integer, columnNumberValue As Integer, i As Integer, j As Integer

```
Cells.Interior.ColorIndex = 0
rowNumberValue = ActiveCell.Row
columnNumberValue = ActiveCell.Column
For i = 1 To rowNumberValue
Cells(i, columnNumberValue).Interior.ColorIndex = 37
Next i
For j = 1 To columnNumberValue
Cells(rowNumberValue, j).Interior.ColorIndex = 37
Next j
End Sub
```

144.Mewarnai Cell Active

Private Sub Workbook_SheetSelectionChange(ByVal Sh As Object, ByVal Target As Excel.Range) Static OldRange As Range On Error Resume Next Target.Interior.ColorIndex = 6 ' warna kuning - rubah sesuai selera OldRange.Interior.ColorIndex = xlColorIndexNone Set OldRange = Target End Sub

145.Mewarnai Named Ranges

Sub HighlightRanges()

Dim RangeName As Name Dim HighlightRange As Range On Error Resume Next For Each RangeName In ActiveWorkbook.Names Set HighlightRange = RangeName.RefersToRange HighlightRange.Interior.ColorIndex = 36 Next RangeName End Sub

146.Inser Pictures pada active cell

Menambah Foto Atau Image Pada lembar Excel dengan menggunakan tombol perinta macro

Sub Insert_gambar()

Dim PicList() As Variant Dim PicFormat As String Dim Rng As Range Dim sShape As Shape On Error Resume Next PicList = Application.GetOpenFilename(PicFormat, MultiSelect:=True)

```
xColIndex = Application.ActiveCell.Column

If IsArray(PicList) Then

xRowIndex = Application.ActiveCell.Row

For lLoop = LBound(PicList) To UBound(PicList)

Set Rng = Cells(xRowIndex, xColIndex)

Set sShape = ActiveSheet.Shapes.AddPicture(PicList(lLoop), msoFalse, msoCTrue, Rng.Left,

Rng.Top, Rng.Width, Rng.Height)

xRowIndex = xRowIndex + 1

Next

End If

End Sub
```

147.Hapus Foto pada areal yang sudah ditentukan

Sub HapusGambar()

Dim s As String Dim pic As Picture Dim ws As Worksheet Dim i As Integer For i = 1 To Sheets.Count Set ws = Worksheets(i) For Each pic In ws.Pictures With pic s = .TopLeftCell.Address & ":" & .BottomRightCell.Address **151 Buku Pintar VBA**
```
End With
If Intersect(ws.Range("A1:A30"), ws.Range(s)) Is Nothing Then
pic.Delete
End If
Next
Next
End Sub
```

148.Mengubah Tabel selection menjadi Image

Sub LinkedPicture()

Selection.Copy ActiveSheet.Pictures.Paste(Link:=True).Select End Sub

Mewarnai Kolom aray

Sub Gray_Alt_Rows()

Dim Cell As Range, my_Range As Range Application.ScreenUpdating = False Set my_Range = ActiveSheet.Range("B1:B15")

```
For Each Cell In my_Range
With Cell.EntireRow
If Cell.Row Mod 2 = 0 Then
.Interior.ColorIndex = 25
.Font.Bold = True
Else
.Interior.ColorIndex = xlNone
.Font.Bold = False
End If
End With
Next
End Sub
```

BAB XVI Copy Paste

149.Copying A Range sheet yang sama

copy paste dari range A1:A3 ke active cell , sheet yang sama.

Sub CopyRange() Range("A1:A3").Copy Destination:=ActiveCell End Sub

150.Copying A Range ke sheet tujuan

untuk copy dari range sheet yang berbeda ke active cell

Sub CopyRange1() 154 Buku Pintar VBA Sheets("sheet3").Range("A1:A3").Copy Destination:=ActiveCell End Sub

151.Copy Destination

CopyDestination adalah mode kopy paste yg akan dipastekan pada awal range yang sudah ditentukan dan akan menumpang tindis data yang sudah ada

Sub CopyDestination1 () Sheet1.Range("A1:C1").Copy Destination:=Sheet2.Range("A1") 'Sheet1 akan dipastekan di Sheet2 End sub

Sub DoCopy_ Destination2 ()

Dim szRange As String
szRange = "a1:d20"
Worksheets("Data").Range(szRange).Copy _
Destination:=Worksheets("rekap").Range(szRange)

End Sub

152.Copy all sheets (Copy semua sheets yang terisi)

Perintah Copy Semua Sheet yang berisi data

Sub CopyToMaster() ShtCount = ActiveWorkbook.Sheets.Count For i = 2 To ShtCount Worksheets(i).Activate LastRow = ActiveSheet.Cells(Rows.Count, "D").End(xlUp).Row Range("A5:H" & LastRow).Select Selection.Copy Sheets("Master").Activate LastRow = ActiveSheet.Cells(Rows.Count, "D").End(xlUp).Select 'Required after first paste to shift active cell down one Do While Not IsEmpty(ActiveCell) ActiveCell.Offset(1, 0).Select Loop ActiveCell.Offset(0, -3).Select Selection.PasteSpecial Next i

End Sub

153.Copy and PasteSpecial, Values

Sub PasteValues ()

'PasteSpecial ! Bila ada rumus atau formula akan dipastekan 'sebagai Values atau

<mark>angka</mark>

Range("A1:B10").Copy Range("C2").PasteSpecial Paste:=xlPasteValues Application.CutCopyMode = False End sub

Sub PasteSpecial_Values () Range("A1:B1").NumberFormat = "\$#,##0.000" Range("A1").Value = 1.23456789 Range("A1").Copy Range("B1").PasteSpecial Paste:=xlPasteValues,_ Operation:=xlNone,_ SkipBlanks:=False, Transpose:=False End Sub

153.Copy and PasteSpecial, Values beda sheet

Sub Copy_value()

Sheet2.Range("A6:n200").Copy Sheet3.Range("A6").PasteSpecial Paste:=xlPasteValues Application.CutCopyMode = False End Sub

154.Copy and PasteSpecial all autofit dan Interior

"Hasil Copy Sesuai aslinya jenis dan besar kecilnya Hurup serta warna forn dan interiornya

Sub Macro3()

Range("B2:B13").Select

Application.CutCopyMode = False

Selection.copy

Range("E2").Select

Selection.PasteSpecial Paste:=xlPasteAllUsingSourceTheme, Operation:=xlNone_

, SkipBlanks:=False, Transpose:=False

ThisWorkbook.Worksheets("Sheet1").Range("E:E").EntireColumn.AutoFit End Sub

155.Copy and Paste last row

Sub Copypaste_last_Row()

Sheets(2).Range("B5:d8").Copy Sheets(1).Cells(Cells.Rows.Count, 1).End(xlUp).Offset(2, 0).PasteSpecial Paste:=xlPasteValues End Sub

156.CopymultiFormat

Sub CopymultiFormat() Range("C5:C7").Copy Range("D5:D7").PasteSpecial Paste:=xlPasteValues

Range("E5:E7").PasteSpecial Paste:=xlPasteFormulas Range("F5:F7").PasteSpecial Paste:=xlPasteAll End Sub

157.Copy Tranpose

Sub Tranpose2()

Worksheets("data").Range("A6:K60").Copy Worksheets("data1").Range("b6").PasteSpecial Transpose:=True End Sub

```
158. Copy Paste visible cell only
```

Copy Paste Mengabaikan Baris Tersembunyi

```
Sub CopyRow_visible ()
Range("A1:EB62").SpecialCells(xlCellTypeVisible).Copy
Sheets("Print").Select
'copy aktif sheet di pastekan pada sheetnya Sheets("Print")
Range("A1").Select
IMaxRows = Cells(Rows.Count, "A").End(xlUp).Row
Range("A" & IMaxRows + 1).Select
Selection.PasteSpecial Paste:=xlValues, Operation:=xlNone, SkipBlanks:= _
False, Transpose:=False
Range("A1").Select
End Sub
```

159.Copytranpose_array pada sheet active

Sub Copytranpose_array() Dim rangeValues As Variant

rangeValues = Range("A1:A5").Value
rangeValues = Application.Transpose(rangeValues)
Range("a10:e10").Value = rangeValues
End Sub

160.Copytranpose_array pada another sheet

Sub Copytranpose_array2()

Dim rangeValues As Variant rangeValues = Sheets("data").Range("A1:A5").Value rangeValues = Application.Transpose(rangeValues) Sheets("rekap").Range("a10:e10").Value = rangeValues End Sub

BAB XVII Protec Save & Close Mode

161. Protect semua cell berformula

Sistem akan mengunci semua Cell yang berisi rumus atau formula

Sub lockCellsWithFormulas()

With ActiveSheet .Unprotect .Cells.Locked = False .Cells.SpecialCells(xlCellTypeFormulas).Locked = True .Protect AllowDeletingRows:=True End With End Sub

162. Protect Sheets dengan pasword

Sub reset() Dim Password Password = "120"

'membuka Protect sheet

Sheets("Transaksi").Protect Password, True, True, True Sheets("Transaksi").Unprotect Password 'hapus data Worksheets("Transaksi").Range("B4:K500").Value = "" 'Protect sheet Password = "120" Sheets("Transaksi").Protect Password, True, True, True End Sub

163. unProtect Sheets dengan pasword

Sub unProtecSheets1 ()

Dim Password Password = "120" Sheets("Sheet1").unProtect Password, True, True, True End Sub 164. Protect Unprotec Sheets dengan pasword

Sub Protec_unprotec() 'Protect sheets dulu

Dim Password Password = "120" Sheets("Sheet1").Protect Password, True, True, True

'unProtect sheets
Sheets("Sheet1").Unprotect Password

'Kode perintah disini......

Sheets("Sheet1").Range("B3:L3").Value = "" 'Protect sheets kembali Sheets("Sheet1").Protect Password, True, True, True End Sub

165.Protect/Lock Cells with Formulas

Sub LockCellsWithFormulas()

With ActiveSheet .Unprotect .Cells.Locked = False .Cells.SpecialCells(xlCellTypeFormulas).Locked = True .Protect AllowDeletingRows:=True End With End Sub

166. Membuka sheet yang diprotec

Pastekan pada sheet yang mau di unprotect Tekan Run F5 menjalankan modul ini !

Sub InternalPasswords()

Dim i As Integer, j As Integer, k As Integer Dim l As Integer, m As Integer, n As Integer Dim i1 As Integer, i2 As Integer, i3 As Integer Dim i4 As Integer, i5 As Integer, i6 As Integer On Error Resume Next For i = 65 To 66: For j = 65 To 66: For k = 65 To 66

For l = 65 *To* 66: *For m* = 65 *To* 66: *For i*1 = 65 *To* 66 *For i2 = 65 To 66: For i3 = 65 To 66: For i4 = 65 To 66 For i*5 = 65 *To* 66: *For i*6 = 65 *To* 66: *For n* = 32 *To* 126 ActiveWorkbook.Unprotect Chr(i) & Chr(j) & Chr(k) & _ Chr(l) & Chr(m) & Chr(i1) & Chr(i2) & Chr(i3) _ & Chr(i4) & Chr(i5) & Chr(i6) & Chr(n) ActiveSheet.Unprotect Chr(i) & Chr(j) & Chr(k) & _ Chr(l) & Chr(m) & Chr(i1) & Chr(i2) & Chr(i3)_ & Chr(i4) & Chr(i5) & Chr(i6) & Chr(n) If ActiveWorkbook.ProtectStructure = False Then If ActiveWorkbook.ProtectWindows = False Then If ActiveSheet.ProtectContents = False Then Exit Sub End If End If End If Next: Next: Next: Next: Next: Next Next: Next: Next: Next: Next: Next End Sub

167.Menyimpan pembaharuan dengan modul

Sub save1() Dim pesan As Integer 166 Buku Pintar VBA pesan = MsgBox("are you save this docomen?", vbYesNo + vbQuestion, "Peringatan") If pesan = vbYes Then ActiveWorkbook.Save End if End sub

168. Menyimpan sekaligus menutup aplikasi Private Sub CommandButton1_Click() Application.Visible = False ThisWorkbook.Save ThisWorkbook.Close Application.Quit Exit Sub

169.Save Otomotis dalam waktu yang ditentukan

Sub SaveMe()

ThisWorkbook.Save Application.OnTime Now + Timeserial(0,15,0),"SaveMe"' Timeserial=(h,m,s) End Sub

Sub simpan () Application.OnTime Now + TimeValue("01:00:00"), "Simpan" End Sub

170. Close Run Otomatic

Workbook akan tertutup dalam waktu yang sudah ditentukan

'PASTEKAN CODE INI PADA MODUL"

Public RunWhen As Double

Public Const MENIT = 1 'workbook akan tertutup dalam waktu 3 menit Public Sub Tutup() ActiveWorkbook.Save ThisWorkbook.Close savechanges:=False End Sub

'PASTEKAN CODE INI PADA WOOKBOOKS"

Private Sub Workbook_Open()

On Error Resume Next Application.OnTime RunWhen, "Tutup", , False

On Error GoTo 0 RunWhen = Now + TimeSerial(0, MENIT, 0) end sub

Menutup userform

Private Sub CommandButton2_Click() Unload Me End Sub

Menutup aplikasi

Private Sub UserForm_Terminate() Application.Quit End Sub

BAB XVIII Hyperlink

171.Hyperlink dengan userForm

Membuat hyperling berdasarkan nilai texbox pada sebuah userform

Private Sub CommandButton1_Click() If TextBox1.Text = "" Then '1 MsgBox ("Data is blank") ElseIf TextBox1.Text = 1 Then UserForm1.Hide Sheet1.Select ElseIf TextBox1.Text = 2 Then UserForm1.Hide Sheet2.Select

End If End Sub

172.Membuat Link ke semua Sheets sebuah file

Sub Gotoallsheet() myShts = ActiveWorkbook.Sheets.Count For i = 1 To myShts myList = myList & i & " - " & ActiveWorkbook.Sheets(i).Name & " " & vbCr Next i Dim mySht As Single mySht = InputBox("Select sheet to go to." & vbCr & vbCr & myList) Sheets(mySht).Select End Sub

173.Hyperlink sesuai tex pada texbox

Private Sub CommandButton1_Click() 'Make hyperlink using userForm 171 Buku Pintar VBA If TextBox1.Text = "" Then '1 MsgBox ("Data is blank") ElseIf TextBox1.Text = 1 Then UserForm1.Hide Sheet1.Select ElseIf TextBox1.Text = 2 Then UserForm1.Hide Sheet2.Select End If End Sub

BAB XIX

Print Out & Borders Style

174.Borders sesuai cell tertentu

Sub border() Range("a3:d10").Borders.LineStyle = xlContinuous End Sub

175.Borders selection cell

Sub interior() With ActiveSheet Selection.Cells.Font.ColorIndex = 2 ' white Selection.Cells.Interior.ColorIndex = 5 'blue End With End Sub **173 Buku Pintar VBA**

176.Print out Vlookup

Menempat kunci no urut awal dan sampai pada cell untuk Print Vlookup pada sheet "data" Cell 122 = Dari Cell j22 = sampai Cell h2 = Cell kunci data Vlookup

Sub Cetak_ Vlookup () Dim Awal, Akhir As Integer Awal = Range("i22").Value Akhir = Range("j22").Value If Awal <= Akhir And Awal >= 1 Then Application.ScreenUpdating = False For i = Awal To Akhir With Sheets("data") .Range("h2").Value = i . PrintOut from:=1, To:=1, Copies:=1 End With Next i

Else MsgBox "Cek lagi Nomor yang akan dicetak...!!!!", vbCritical, "Error Cetak" End If End Sub

177.Print Vlookup menggunakan User Form

Menempat kunci no urut awal dan sampai pada texbox untuk Print Vlookup pada sheet "<mark>kwitansi</mark>" Cell k3 = Cell kunci data Vlookup

```
Private Sub CommandButton1_Click()

Dim Awal, Akhir, Jumlah As Integer

Awal = TextBox1.Value

Akhir = TextBox2.Value

Jumlah = TextBox3.Value

If Awal <= Akhir And Awal >= 1 Then

Application.ScreenUpdating = False

For i = Awal To Akhir

With Sheets("KWITANSI")

.Range("k3").Value = i

.PrintOut from:=Awal, To:=Akhir, Copies:=Jumlah
```

End With Next i Else MsgBox "Cek lagi Nomor yang akan dicetak...!!!!", vbCritical, "Error Cetak" End If TextBox1.Value = "" TextBox2.Value = "" TextBox3.Value = "" End Sub

178.Print Out dari sampai dan jumlah print out

Print Out dari halaman sampai halaman dan

jumlah lembar pada userform

Private Sub CommandButton1_Click() Dim awal, Akhir, Jumlah As Integer If TextBox1.Value = "" Then MsgBox "Sorry awal was emty!!!", _ vbOKOnly + vbCritical, "Textbox1 Kosong" ElseIf TextBox2.Value = "" Then MsgBox "Sorry sampai was emty", _





```
vbOKOnly + vbCritical, "Textbox8 Kosong"
ElseIf TextBox3.Value = "" Then
MsgBox "Sorry jumlah was emty", _
vbOKOnly + vbCritical, "Textbox8 Kosong"
Else
awal = TextBox1.Value
Akhir = TextBox2.Value
Jumlah = TextBox2.Value
Sheets("laporan").PrintOut from:=awal, To:=Akhir, Copies:=Jumlah
TextBox1.Value = ""
TextBox2.Value = ""
TextBox3.Value = ""
End If
End Sub
```

PRINT OUT AWAL 1 SAMPAI 2 AWAL 1 AWAL 1 Print Out

179.Print Out active sheet

```
Sub Cetak ()
ActiveSheet.PrintOut
ActiveSheet. PrintOut from:=1, To:=1, Copies:=1
End Sub
```

180.Print Previw active sheet

Sub Print_Previw ()

ActiveSheet.PrintOut Preview:=True, From:=1, To:=2, Copies:=2 End Sub

181.Print Out pilihan sheet

Sub CommandButton1_Click()

```
Worksheets("menu").PrintOut from:=1, To:=2, Copies:=1
End Sub
```

182.Print Out awal akhir dan jumlah sesuai data sheet

Sub Cetak_sesuai_data_cell() Dim Awal, Akhir, Jumlah As Integer Awal = Range("b3").Value Akhir = Range("b4").Value Jumlah = Range("b5").Value

If Awal <= Awal and Akhir and Jumlah >= 1 Then Application.ScreenUpdating = False Sheets("data").PrintOut from:=Awal, To:=Akhir, Copies:=Jumlah Else

MsgBox "Cek lagi Nomor yang akan dicetak...!!!!", vbCritical, "Error Cetak"

End If

End Sub

	Clipboard 🔍 Font	5	Alignmen
	А	В	С
1			
2	Print Out		
3	Dari Halaman	1	
4	Sampai Halaman	3	
5	Jumlah Print @halaman	2	
6			
7	During	Out	
8	Print Out		
9			
10			
11			

BAB XX Duplicate & String

183.Menghapus Duplicate

Sub RemoveDuplicates ()

Set Rng = ThisWorkbook.Sheets(21).Range("B6:B300") Rng.RemoveDuplicates Columns:=Array(1), Header:=xlYes End Sub

184.Mewarnai Duplicate



Sub Tampilkan()

Dim LastRow As Long Dim matchFoundIndex As Long Dim iCntr As Long LastRow = Range("b65000").End(xlUp).Row For iCntr = 2 To LastRow If Cells(iCntr, 2) <> "" Then matchFoundIndex = WorksheetFunction.Match(Cells(iCntr, 2), Range("b1:b" & LastRow), 0) If iCntr <> matchFoundIndex Then Cells(iCntr, 2).Interior.Color = vbRed Cells(iCntr, 2).Font.Color = vbWhite End If End If Next **End Sub**

Sub Reset()

```
Sheets(1).Range("B1:B20").Interior.Color = vbWhite
Sheets(1).Range("B1:B20").Font.Color = vbBlack
End Sub
```

185.Menolak Data Duplikat pada texbox

Private Sub TextBox1_Exit(ByVal Cancel As MSForms.ReturnBoolean) If Application.CountIf(Range("A:A"), TextBox1) > 0 Then MsgBox "Data Sudah Ada" End If

	Microsoft Excel	
Menolah nama barang yang sama		
KODE	Nama Barang Sudah Ada	
Nama Barang		
Jumlah		
OK Cancel	ОК	

186. Menghapus dgn Mengabaikan Baris Tersembunyi

Sub DeleteVisibleRows() Dim WorkRng As Range On Error Resume Next xTitleId = "KutoolsforExcel" Set WorkRng = Application.Selection

'Set WorkRng = Application.InputBox("Range", xTitleId, WorkRng.Address, Type:=8) Application.Screen Updating = False WorkRng.SpecialCells(xlCellTypeVisible).ClearContents Application.ScreenUpdating = True End Sub

187.Menghitung Jumlah Karakter Active Cell

Sub CharacterCount()

Dim cell As Range Dim I As Integer For Each cell In Selection I = I + Len(cell.Value) Next MsgBox "there are " & I & _ " characters and spaces in the selection" End Sub 188.Menghitung Kata Dalam Cell

Sub Hitung_Kata()

```
Dim rngKata As Range
Dim Len1, Len2 As Long
With Sheet1
Set rngKata = .Range("a3")
Len1 = Len(rngKata)
Len2 = Len1 - Len(Application.WorksheetFunction.Substitute(rngKata, " ", "")) + 1
.Range("b3").Value = Len2
End With
End Sub
```

189.Menghapus Karakter Selain Angka dan Hurup

```
Function CleanKarakter(Data As Variant) As String
Dim lng As Integer, rest As String
lng = Len(Data)
For i = 1 To lng
If Asc(Mid(Data, i, 1)) >= 65 And Asc(Mid(Data, i, 1)) <= 90 Then
rest = rest & Mid(Data, i, 1)</pre>
```

```
ElseIf Asc(Mid(Data, i, 1)) >= 97 And Asc(Mid(Data, i, 1)) <= 122 Then
rest = rest & Mid(Data, i, 1)
ElseIf Mid(Data, i, 1) >= 0 And Mid(Data, i, 1) <= 9 Then
rest = rest & Mid(Data, i, 1)
End If
Next i
CleanKarakter = rest
End Function
```

```
190.Memisahkan Kalimat Menjadi Hurup
```

```
Sub Pisah_Kalimat()
Baris = 4
For a = 4 To 23
Kata = Replace(Cells(Baris, 4), " ", "")
Pjg = Len(Kata)
Kolom = 5
For i = 1 To Pjg
b = Mid(Kata, i, 1)
Cells(Baris, Kolom) = b
Kolom = Kolom + 1
Next
```

```
Baris = Baris + 1
Next
End Sub
```

191.Memisahkan Karakter

```
Option Explicit

Private Sub CommandButton1_Click()

Dim fullname As String, commaposition As Integer, i As Integer

For i = 2 To 7

fullname = Cells(i, 1).Value

commaposition = InStr(fullname, ",")

Cells(i, 2).Value = Mid(fullname, commaposition + 2)

Next i

End Sub
```

192.Mengabungkan tex cell selection

```
Sub Gabung_Text_selection()
myCol = Selection.Columns.Count
```

```
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```

```
For i = 1 To myCol
ActiveCell = ActiveCell.Offset(0, 0) & ActiveCell.Offset(0, i)
ActiveCell.Offset(0, i) = ""
Next i
End Sub
```

193.Text in Header

Sub customHeader()

Dim myText As String myText = InputBox("Enter your text here", "Enter Text") With ActiveSheet.PageSetup .LeftHeader = "" .CenterHeader = myText .RightHeader = "" .LeftFooter = "" .CenterFooter = "" .RightFooter = "" End With End Sub
194.Menandai text atau bukan angka

Sub Tandai_textCells()

Dim cl As Range For Each cl In ActiveSheet.UsedRange If Not Application.CheckSpelling(word:=cl.Text) Then cl.Interior.Color = vbRed End If Next cl End Sub

195. Tulisan Alfabet dimulai dari active cell

Sub Alfabet() Dim iChar As Integer For iChar = 0 To 25 ActiveCell.Offset(iChar, 0) = Chr(65 + iChar) 'or 95 for lowercase Next End Sub

196. Tulisan Berkedap kedip

```
Sub berkedip()
Dim RunWhen As Double
With ThisWorkbook.Worksheets("depan").Range("c2").Font
If .ColorIndex = 5 Then 'Warna biru
.ColorIndex = 2 ' Warna putih
Else
If .ColorIndex = 2 Then ' Warna hijau
.ColorIndex = 3 ' Warna merah
Else
.ColorIndex = 5 ' Warna biru
End If
End If
End With
RunWhen = Now + TimeSerial(0, 0, 1)
Application.OnTime RunWhen, "" & ThisWorkbook.Name & "'!Berkedip", , True
End Sub
Sub Berhenti()
On Error Resume Next
ThisWorkbook.Worksheets("Menu").Range("V6").Font.ColorIndex = xlColorIndexAutomatic
Application.OnTime RunWhen, "'" & ThisWorkbook.Name & "'!Berkedip", , False
End Sub
```

BAB XXI MsgBox

197.Menolak Input selain angka

```
Sub InputBox ()

Dim cellValue As Variant

reShowInputBox:

cellValue = Application.InputBox("Enter value to go in A3")

If cellValue = False Then

Beep

Exit Sub

ElseIf cellValue = "" Then

Beep

GoTo reShowInputBox

Else

ActiveSheet.Range("A3").Value = cellValue

End If
```

End Sub

198.Pesan MsgBox Menolak input selain angka

```
Sub nomor()
Dim userResponse As Variant
userResponse = _
Application.InputBox(Prompt:="Ketik nomor", _
Type:=1)
If userResponse = "False" Then Exit Sub
MsgBox "Nomor yang dimasukkan adalah " & Val(userResponse)
End Sub
```

199.Sebuah pesan dibuat dengan 3 baris kalimat

```
Sub dalam_tiga_kalimat()
MsgBox "Pesan Baris Pertama." & _
Chr(13) & " Pesan Baris Kedua." & _
Chr(13) & " Pesan Baris Ketiga "
End Sub
```



Sub massage1()

MsgBox "contoh pesan_LARANGAN", vbCritical End Sub



Sub massage2()

YesNo = MsgBox(" Larangan dengan YES dan NO", vbYesNo + vbCritical, "Caution") End Sub





Sub massage6() MsgBox "pesan peringatan! ", vbYesNo + vbExclamation, "warning" End Sub



199.Sebuah pesan Hyperlink

Jika ya menuju ke form1 dan bila tidak menuju ke form2

Private Sub CommandButton1_Click()

Dim iResponse As Integer iResponse = MsgBox("Pilih OK untuk menampilakan User Form 1." & _ Chr(13) & "Pilih Cancel untuk menampilakan User Form 2.", vbOKCancel) If iResponse = vbCancel Then Unload Me

Application.Visible = False UserForm2.Show Application.Visible = True End If

If iResponse = vbOK Then

Unload Me Application.Visible = False UserForm1.Show Application.Visible = True End If End Sub

200.Sebuah pesan perintah

Sebuah pesan perintah silahkanm ditulis di cell (1,1) cell (1,1) artinya dibaris 1 kolom 1 atau Range A1

Sub Ketiklah () Dim userMsg As String userMsg = InputBox("What is your message?", "Message Entry Form", "Enter

your messge here", 500, 700) Cells(1,1).Value=userMsg End Sub

201.Sebuah pesan peringatan

Sebuah pesan berisi peringatan " Bila TextBox1.Text belum terisi maka ada peringatan "Data masih kosong" dan jika TextBox1.Text bernilai 1 akan menuju ke sheet1 jika TextBox1.Text bernilai 2 akan menuju ke sheet2

Sub peringatan() 'hyperlink kesheets tertentu dengan texbox di userForm If TextBox1.Text = "" Then '1 MsgBox ("Data masih kosong") ElseIf TextBox1.Text = 1 Then Sheet1.Select ElseIf TextBox1.Text = 2 Then Sheet2.Select End If End Sub

Sub MsgExample3()

If MsgBox("Select OK to Continue") = vbCancel Then End 'Statement to execute if OK selected End Sub

Sub IndentExample()

MsgBox "This is the first line." & _ Chr(13) & Chr(9) & "This is indented." & _ Chr(13) & Chr(9) & "This is also indented" End Sub

202.Sebuah pesan menggunakan fungsi if

Sebuah pesan pilihan bila ya akan dilaksanakan bila tidak berate tidak ada yang dilaksanakan

Sub MsgExample2() Dim iResponse As Integer iResponse = MsgBox("Select OK or Cancel", vbOKCancel) If iResponse = vbCancel Then

MsgBox "You selected Cancel" End If If iResponse = vbOK Then MsgBox "You selected OK" End If End Sub

BAB XXII Date & Time

203.Meletakkan tanggal di range A1

Sub tanggal() Range(A1") =date End Sub

204.Meletakkan tanggal di range A1 sebelum file ditutup

Private Sub Workbook_BeforeSave(ByVal SaveAsUI As Boolean, Cancel As Boolean) Range("A1") = Now End Sub

205.Menghabiskan sisa waktu yg ditentukan

Sub timer()

Application.Wait Now + TimeValue("00:00:01") MsgBox ("Waktu habis") End Sub

206.Menulis Jam berurutan

```
Sub menit ()
Dim i As Integer
For i = 1 To 24
ActiveCell.FormulaR1C1 = i & ":00"
ActiveCell.NumberFormat = "[$-409]h:mm AM/PM;@"
ActiveCell.Offset(RowOffset:=1, ColumnOffset:=0).Select
Next i
End Sub
```

BAB XXIII Nilai Min dan Max

207.Menandai Nilai Max value in the range

Sub highlightMaxValue()

Dim rng As Range For Each rng In Selection If rng = WorksheetFunction.Max(Selection) Then rng.Style = "Good" End If Next rng End Sub

208.Menandai Nilai Minimal value in the range

Sub highlightMaxValue()

Dim rng As Range For Each rng In Selection If rng = WorksheetFunction.Max(Selection) Then

```
rng.Style = "Good"
End If
Next rng
End Sub
```

209.Menandai Nilai Max data baris

```
Sub Max_row()
Dim lastColumn, lCol As Integer
Dim iCntr, jCntr, iMaxCol As Integer
Dim vMax
For iCntr = 5 \text{ To } 10
  vMax = 0
  iMaxCol = 2
   'Finding last row of current row
  With ActiveSheet
    lastColumn = .Cells(iCntr, .Columns.Count).End(xlToLeft).Column
  End With
  lCol = lastColumn
  Range(Cells(iCntr, 2), Cells(iCntr, lCol)).Font.Bold = False
  For jCntr = 2 To lCol
    If vMax < Cells(iCntr, jCntr) Then</pre>
```

```
vMax = Cells(iCntr, jCntr)

iMaxCol = jCntr

End If

Next

Cells(iCntr, iMaxCol).Font.Bold = True

Next

End Sub
```

210. date In Header

```
Sub dateInHeader()
With ActiveSheet.PageSetup
.LeftHeader = ""
.CenterHeader = "&D"
.RightHeader = ""
.LeftFooter = ""
.CenterFooter = ""
.RightFooter = ""
End With
ActiveWindow.View = xlNormalView
End Sub
```

211.Highlight negative numbers

Sub highlightNegativeNumbers() Dim Rng As Range For Each Rng In Selection If WorksheetFunction.IsNumber(Rng) Then If Rng.Value < 0 Then Rng.Font.Color= -16776961 End If End If Next End Sub

212..Remove decimals from numbers

Sub removeDecimals()

Dim Inumber As Double Dim IResult As Long Dim rng As Range For Each rng In Selection rng.Value= Int(rng) rng.NumberFormat= "0" Next rng End Sub

BAB XXIV Convert

213. Convert to Upper

Private Sub CommandButton1_Click()

Dim Rng As Range For Each Rng In Selection Rng = UCase(Rng) Next Rng Unload Me End Sub

214.Convert to LOWER

Private Sub CommandButton2_Click()

Dim Rng As Range For Each Rng In Selection **205 Buku Pintar VBA** Rng = LCase(Rng) Next Rng Unload Me End Sub

215.Convert to PROPER

Private Sub CommandButton3_Click()

Dim Rng As Range For Each Rng In Selection If WorksheetFunction.IsText(Rng) Then Rng.Value = WorksheetFunction.Proper(Rng.Value) End If Next Unload Me End Sub

216.Convert All Formulas into Values

Sub ConvertToValues() With ActiveSheet.UsedRange .Value = .Value

End With End Sub

217.Convert All Formulas Into Values

Mengubah semua cell berformula formula /rumus ke format value /isi

Sub ConvertToValues()

Dim MyRange As Range Dim MyCell As Range Select Case MsgBox("You Can't Undo This Action. " & "Save Workbook First?", vbYesNoCancel, "Alert") Case Is = vbYes ThisWorkbook.Save Case Is = vbCancel Exit Sub End Select Set MyRange = Selection For Each MyCell In MyRange If MyCell.HasFormula Then MyCell.Formula = MyCell.Value End If

Next MyCell End Sub

218.Menerjemahkan no kolom ke no Hurup

Sub Approach1() Dim colLetters As String Dim N As Integer N = Val(InputBox("enter a column number")) If N = 0 Then Exit Sub With Worksheets(1).Columns(N) colLetters = Left(.Address(False, False), _ InStr(.Address(False, False), ":") - 1) End With MsgBox colLetters End Sub

219.Convert Zero to Null Mengubah O menjadi Kosong

Sub replaceBlankWithZero() Dim rngAs Range

Selection.Value= Selection.Value For Each rngIn Selection If rng= "" Or rng= " " Then rng.Value= "0" Else End If Next rng End Sub

220.Konversi Upper Tex selain cell berformula

Sub ChangeCase() Dim Rng As Range For Each Rng In Selection.Cells If Rng.HasFormula = False Then Rng.Value = UCase(Rng.Value) End If Next Rng End Sub

221.Convert date into year (Tanggal ke Tahun)

Sub date2year() Dim tempCell As Range Selection.Value = Selection.Value For Each tempCell In Selection If IsDate(tempCell) = True Then With tempCell .Value = Year(tempCell) .NumberFormat = "0" End With End If Next tempCell End Sub

222. Menolak Data Duplikat pada Texbox

Private Sub TextBox2_Exit(ByVal Cancel As MSForms.ReturnBoolean) If Application.CountIf(Range("C:C"), TextBox2) > 0 Then MsgBox "Nama Barang Sudah Ada" End If End Sub

223.Mengatur jumlah dan halaman Print out

Private Sub CommandButton1_Click()

Dim awal, Akhir, Jumlah As Integer awal = TextBox1.Value Akhir = TextBox2.Value Jumlah = TextBox3.Value Sheets("laporan").PrintOut from:=awal, To:=Akhir, Copies:=Jumlah End If End Sub

BAB XXV Login & Disable

224.Disable input data ganda pada texbox

Private Sub TextBox2_Exit(ByVal Cancel As MSForms.ReturnBoolean) If Application.CountIf(Range("C:C"), TextBox2) > 0 Then MsgBox "Nama Barang Sudah Ada" End If End Sub Option Explicit

225.Disable mouse klik kanan

Private Sub Worksheet_BeforeRightClick(ByVal Target As Excel.Range, Cancel As Boolean)

Cancel = True

End Sub

226.Melarang Copy Paste

<mark>Skrip disimpan pada Wookbook</mark>

Private Sub workbook_sheetbeforerightclick(ByVal sh As Object, ByVal target As Range, cancel As Boolean) cancel = True MsgBox "dilarang klik kanan" End Sub

227.Disable tanda X (close pada Userform)

Melarang Menutup userform menggunakan tombol X

Contoh1

Private Sub UserForm_QueryClose(Cancel As Integer, CloseMode As Integer) Cancel = True End Sub

<mark>Contoh2</mark>

Private Sub UserForm_QueryClose(Cancel As Integer, CloseMode As Integer) If CloseMode = vbFormControlMenu Then Cancel = True End Sub

Contoh3 Private Sub UserForm_QueryClose(Cancel As Integer, CloseMode As Integer) If CloseMode = 0 Then Cancel = True End Sub

Contoh4 Private Sub UserForm_QueryClose(Cancel As Integer, CloseMode As Integer) If CloseMode = 0 Then Cancel = True MsgBox "Untuk menutup Form silakan klik tomblo exit", vbCritical End If

End Sub

228. Form Login

Private Sub cmdLogin_Click()
Dim strUser, strPass As String
strUser = "admin"
strPass = "123456"
<mark>If txtUser</mark> .Value = "" Then
MsgBox "Silahkan Masukkan Nama User", _
vbExclamation + vbOKOnly, "Nama User tidak boleh kosong"
txtUser.SetFocus
Exit Sub
<mark>ElseIf txtPass</mark> .Value = "" Then
MsgBox "Silahkan Masukkan Kata Sandi", _
vbExclamation + vbOKOnly, "Kata Sandi tidak boleh kosong"
txtPass.SetFocus
Exit Sub
ElseIf txtUser.Value <> strUser Then
MsgBox "Nama User '" & txtUser & "' tidak terdaftar", _
vbCritical + vbOKOnly, "Terjadi kesalahan"
txtUser.SetFocus
Exit Sub
ElseIf txtPass.Value <> strPass Then
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MsgBox "Kata sandi Salah,", _ vbCritical + vbOKOnly, "Terjadi kesalahan" txtPass.SetFocus Exit Sub End If MsgBox "Selamat Anda berhasil Login", _ vbInformation + vbOKOnly, "Login berhasil!" Me.Hide Sheets(1).Range("A1").Activate End Sub

229.Membatasi Jumlah Login pada userform

```
Private Sub Workbook_Open()
```

```
Dim x As Integer, Password As String
Log:
Password = InputBox("Silahkan masukkan kata kunci Anda" & vbNewLine & _
"(case sensitive)", "LOGIN")
If Password <> "123" Then
x = x + 1
If x = 3 Then
MsgBox "Maaf." & vbCr & _
"Anda sudah menggunakan semua kesempatan yang disediakan" & vbCr & _
```

```
"Dokumen untuk sementara akan ditutup"
ThisWorkbook.Close savechanges:=False
Else
MsgBox "Password yang Anda masukkan salah." & vbCr & _
"Silahkan coba lagi." & vbCr & vbCr & _
"Kesempatan gagal tinggal " & 3 - x & "x"
GoTo Log:
End If
End If
End Sub
```

BAB XXVI Formula VBA

FORMULA ARRAY

[Cell awal: Cell akhir]. Formula ="=formula"

<mark>Misalnya</mark>

[i2:i8].Formula = "=SUM(A2:D2)"

230.Formula SUM VBA Sub formula_sum () [e2:e10].Formula = "=SUM(A2:D2)" [f2:f8].Formula = "=SUM(A2:D2)" [g2:g5].Formula = "=SUM(A2:D2)" Application.DisplayFormulaBar = False

End sub

Sub Formula_Sum()

Dim i As Long For i = 0 To 100 ActiveCell.Offset(i, 0).Formula = WorksheetFunction.Sum(i, 1) Next i End Sub

231.Formula Average VBA Sub formula_Average ()

[f2:f8].Formula = "=Average(A2:D2)" [j2:j8].Formula = "=AVERAGE(A2:f2)" Application.DisplayFormulaBar = False End sub

Sub Average_range()

Set myRange = Worksheets(1).Range("A1:A10") MsgBox Application.Average(myRange) End Sub

232.Formula CONCATENATE VBA

Sub formula_Concatenate ()

```
[l10:l12].Formula = "=CONCATENATE(A10, B10, C10, D10)"
Application.DisplayFormulaBar = False
End Sub
```

233.Formula sumif VBA

Sub formula_sumif () [e4:e10].formula=SUMIF(\$E\$4:\$E\$10,E4,\$H\$4:\$H\$10) [d4:d10].formula=SUMIF(A4:A10,E4,B4:B10) Application.DisplayFormulaBar = False End sub

```
contoh

Sub Formula ()

[i2:i8].Formula = "=SUM(A2:D2)"

[k2:k8].Formula = "=max(A2:D2)"
```

[l2:l8].Formula = "=min(A2:D2)"
Application.DisplayFormulaBar = False
End sub

Sub Formula_MATCH () =MATCH(J13,L13:L16,1) End sub

234.Formula CountIf dan CountA VBA

Sub countifformula ()

Range("J4") = Application.CountIf(Range("E6:E56"), "L")
Range("L4") = Application.CountIf(Range("E6:E56"), "P")
Range("K4") = Application.CountA(Range("d6:d56"))
end sub

235.Formula Vlookup VBA

Sub Vlookup_1() [J6:J26].Formula = "=VLOOKUP(I6,A6:G26,2)"

```
[K6:K26].Formula = "=VLOOKUP(I6,A6:G26,3)"
[L6:L26].Formula = "=VLOOKUP(I6,A6:G26,4)"
[M6:M26].Formula = "=VLOOKUP(I6,A6:G26,5)"
[N6:N26].Formula = "=VLOOKUP(I6,A6:G26,6)"
[O6:O26].Formula = "=VLOOKUP(I6,A6:G26,7)"
End Sub
```

236.Formula Penjumlahan variable

```
Sub FillFormulas()
```

Dim myRng As Range Dim lastRw As Long lastRw = Worksheets("Sheet1").Range("C1").End(xlDown).Row Set myRng = Worksheets("Sheet1").Range("D1") myRng.Formula = "=SUM(A1:C1)" myRng.AutoFill Destination:=Worksheets("Sheet1") _ .Range("D1:D" & lastRw&) End Sub

237.Formula Vlookup

```
Sub Vlookup_3()
Dim Arr As Variant
Dim i As Integer, j As Integer
Arr = Range("A5:G30").Value
i = 6
For i = LBound(Arr) To UBound(Arr)
 For j = 6 To Range("I5").End(xlDown).Row
   If Cells(j, "I") = Arr(i, 1) Then
     Cells(j, 10) = Arr(i, 2)
     Cells(j, 11) = Arr(i, 3)
     Cells(j, 12) = Arr(i, 4)
     Cells(j, 13) = Arr(i, 5)
     Cells(j, 14) = Arr(i, 6)
     Cells(j, 15) = Arr(i, 7)
End If
 Next j
Next i
End Sub
```
238.Formula Multy Code VBA

Sub Sumif_multy_code()

```
Dim Sum As Integer, i As Integer
Dim F As Range
Dim S As String
S = Range("E6").Value
For i = 1 To Len(S)
Set F = Range("A6:A20").Find(Mid(S, i, 1))
If Not F Is Nothing Then
Sum = Sum + F.Offset(0, 1).Value
End If
Next i
Range("F6").Value = Sum
End Sub
```

239. Formula Multy fungsion

Sub Multy_formula () Sheet1.Range("G6").FormulaArray = "=SUMIF(B5:B50,G4,D5:D50)" Sheet1.Range("G5").FormulaArray = "=SUMIF(B5:B50,G4,C5:C50)" Sheet1.Range("G7").FormulaArray = "=g6-g5"

```
Sheet1.Range("G3").FormulaArray = "=COUNTIF(B5:E50,G4)"
Sheet1.Range("G9").FormulaArray = "=SUM(D5:D50)"
Sheet1.Range("G10").FormulaArray = "=SUM(c5:c50)"
Sheet1.Range("G11").FormulaArray = "=G9-G10"
Sheet1.Range("G4").FormulaArray = "=vLOOKUP(E4,k4:l13,2)"
End Sub
```

240. Terbilang Macros

Terbilang Macro digunakan dalam aplikasi kwitasi otomatis akan berfungsi di computer mana saja file excel dijalankan berfungsi mengubah angka ke hurup <mark>Pastekan pada Modul :</mark>

```
Function Terbilang(n As Long) As String 'max 2.147.483.647

Dim satuan As Variant, Minus As Boolean

On Error GoTo terbilang_error

satuan = Array("", "Satu", "Dua", "Tiga", "Empat", "Lima", "Enam", "Tujuh", "Delapan",

"Sembilan", "Sepuluh", "Sebelas")

If n < 0 Then

Minus = True

n = n * -1

End If

Select Case n

Case 0 To 11
```

```
Terbilang = "" + satuan(Fix(n))
Case 12 To 19
Terbilang = Terbilang(n Mod 10) + "Belas"
Case 20 To 99
Terbilang = Terbilang(Fix(n / 10)) + "Puluh" + Terbilang(n Mod 10)
Case 100 To 199
Terbilang = "Seratus" + Terbilang(n - 100)
Case 200 To 999
Terbilang = Terbilang(Fix(n / 100)) + "Ratus" + Terbilang(n Mod 100)
Case 1000 To 1999
Terbilang = "Seribu" + Terbilang(n - 1000)
Case 2000 To 999999
Terbilang = Terbilang(Fix(n / 1000)) + "Ribu" + Terbilang(n Mod 1000)
Case 1000000 To 999999999
Terbilang = Terbilang(Fix(n / 1000000)) + "Juta" + Terbilang(n Mod 1000000)
Case Else
Terbilang = Terbilang(Fix(n / 100000000)) + "Milyar" + Terbilang(n Mod 100000000)
End Select
If Minus = True Then
Terbilang = "Minus" + Terbilang
End If
Exit Function
terbilang_error:
MsgBox Err.Description, vbCritical, "^_^Terbilang Error"
End Function
```

BAB XXVII <u>Hardis , Expired & Komputer</u>

241.Mengatur Tanggal di Komputer anda

Sub AturTanggal()

On Error Resume Next Shell "RunDll32.exe shell32.dll,Control_RunDLL timedate.cpl", vbNormalFocus ShowControlPane4 = Err.Number = 0 End Sub

242.Menampilkan Control Panel Komputer

Sub Show_panel()

On Error Resume Next Shell "RunDll32.exe shell32.dll, Control_RunDLL", vbNormalFocus ShowControlPane4 = Err.Number = 0

End Sub

243.0pen Calculator

Sub OpenCalculator() Application.ActivateMicrosoftApp Index:=0 End Sub

244.File Excel tidak dapat dipindahkan Ke Komputer Lain

Pastekan No Seri Komputer yang akan menerima file ini !

Private Sub Workbook_Open()

Dim oFSO As Object Dim drive As Object Set oFSO = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject") Set drive = oFSO.GetDrive("C:\") If drive.SerialNumber <> 408299609 Then Application.Run"Killy" Set oFSO = Nothing

Set drive = Nothing End Sub

Pastekan Kode di module Sub Hapus_file_bila_sesuai_seri() MsgBox "Illegal Copy ", vbExclamation + vbMsgBoxRight Application.DisplayAlerts = False ThisWorkbook.ChangeFileAccess xlReadOnly Kill ThisWorkbook.FullName ThisWorkbook.Close False Application.DisplayAlerts = False End Sub

245.Menampilkan Nomor Seri Hardisk di msg

Sub GetDrive_Seria_lNumber()

Dim Pesan As Integer Dim Pesannya As String Dim JudulPesan As String

Pesannya =

CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject").GetDrive("C:\").SerialNumber JudulPesan = "Nomor Seri Hardisk"

Pesan = MsgBox("Nomor Seri: " & Pesannya, vbInformation, JudulPesan) End Sub

246.Menampilkan Nomor Seri Hardisk di cell A1

Sub GetDrive_Seria_lNumber2()

Sheets("Sheet1").Range("b1").Value =
CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject").GetDrive("C:\").SerialNumber
End Sub

247.Menampilkan Nomor Seri Hardisk di texbox

Private Sub CommandButton1_Click() TextBox1.Value = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject").GetDrive("C:\").SerialNumber End Sub

248.Menghapus file otomatis pada waktu yang telah ditentukan

Option Explicit

Private Sub Workbook_Open()

Dim Edate As Date

Edate = Format("15/09/2017", "DD/MM/YYY") ' Replace this with the date you want

If Date > Edate Then

MsgBox ("This worksheet was valid upto " & Format(Edate, "dd-mmm-yyyy") & " and will be closed")

With ThisWorkbook

.Saved = True

.ChangeFileAccess Mode:=xlReadOnly

Kill .FullName

.Close False

End With

ElseIf Edate - Date < 3 Then

MsgBox "Aplikasi ini Versi Demo! Silahkan Registrasi Ke asanaputu@gmail.com",

vbOKOnly, "Textbox1 Kosong"

End If

Worksheets("Sekolah").Select

Application.ExecuteExcel4Macro"show.toolbar(""Ribbon"",False)"

End Sub

249. Membatasi Jumlah Buka file excel

Membatasi Jumlah Buka file excel selebihnya tidak bias dibuka lagi

Private Sub Workbook_Open()

If Sheets("Sheet1").Range("A1").Value = "" Then Sheets("Sheet1").Range("A1").Value = 1 ElseIf Sheets("Sheet1").Range("A1").Value = "50" Then MsgBox "Maaf masa trial sudah tidak berlaku "&vbCrLf&_ vbOKOnly + vbCritical, "Tutorial Microsoft Excel" ThisWorkbook.Save ThisWorkbook.Close Exit Sub Else Sheets("Sheet1").Range("A1").Value = _ Sheets("Sheet1").Range("A1").Value + 1 MsgBox "Anda menyisakan jumlah buka " & 50 -Sheets("Sheet1").Range("A1").Value, _ vbOKOnly + vbCritical, "Tutorial Microsoft Excel" End If End Sub

250. Pilihan Tanggal dalam beberapa format

Sub semua_tanggal ()

Cells (1, 1).Value = Now () Cells (2, 1).Value = Format (Now, "s") Cells (3, 1).Value = Format (Now, "n") Cells (4, 1).Value = Format (Now, "h") Cells (5, 1).Value = Format (Now, "m") Cells (6, 1).Value = Format (Now, "mmm") Cells (7, 1).Value = Format (Now, "mmm") Cells (8, 1).Value = Format (Now, "y") Cells (9, 1).Value = Format (Now, "yyyy") End Sub

DAFTAR PUSTAKA

1.Excel Indonesia User Group

https://mobile.facebook.com/groups/306495419415013?refid=18&_ft_=qid.65255 97483353415169%3Amf_story_key.1790119677719239%3Atop_level_post_id.179 0119677719239%3Atl_objid.1790119677719239%3Asrc.22&_tn_=C-R

2.Bantuan Macro/VBA Excel-Access-Power pivot (indonesia) https://mobile.facebook.com/groups/714491125270202?refid=18&_ft_=qid.65255 98600149176466%3Amf_story_key.1762480463804591%3Atop_level_post_id.176 2480463804591%3Atl_objid.1762480463804591%3Asrc.22&_tn_=C-R

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https://mobile.facebook.com/groups/163491717053198?refid=18&_ft_=qid.65255 98965177908238%3Amf_story_key.1617691338299888%3Atop_level_post_id.161 7691338299888%3Atl_objid.1617691338299888%3Asrc.22&_tn_=C-R

4.Excel Supports Grup https://mobile.facebook.com/groups/1547364671986974?refid=18&_tn_=C-R

5.Excel Champs Blog Excel Champs Blog - Learn Excel With Useful Tips & Tricks https://excelchamps.com/blog/

<u>TAMAT</u>